ISLAMABAD (R) — The United Nations on Tuesday demanded Afghanistan arrest gunmen who shot dead four U.N. workers, including a Briton and a Dutch water resources expert, in an ambush outside the eastern city of Jalalabad. Three armed men opened fire on two U.N. vehicles Monday afternoon at Surkhdiwal, 15 kilometres east of Jalalabad, to the most serious attack on U.N. officials since they began operating in Afghanistan in 1989, U.N. officials said. Briton Tony Bullard, who worked for the U.N. Centre for Human Settlements Bullard, who worked for the U.N. Centre for Human Settlements (Habitat). Dutch water resources consultant Hans van Hoeflaken and two Afghan drivers. Abdul Hadi and Zia Ul Haq, were killed. Reinhout Wanrooy, an official with the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees, escaped unburt by jumping out of his vehicle and running into nearby bushes. "The gunmen has apparently been lying in wait," one U.N. official said. It was not known who was responsible for the attack, which took place near where two Afghan workers of the international rescue committee were killed in an ambush in December. David I ookwood. committee were killed in an ambush in December. David Lockwood, chief representative of the U.N. Development Programme to Kabul and responsible for security in Afghanistan, flew to Jalalabad Tuesday to ask the governor to conduct a full investigation and arrest those responsible.

# Jordan III An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation

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### Iran canceis Kyrgyz visit

92

NICOSIA (R) — Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati cancelled a planned visit to Kyrgyz-stan to protest against its decision to open an embassy in occupied Jerusalem. Tehran Radio said Tuesday. It said omitting Kyrgyzstan from Mr. Velayati's current central Asian tour "reaffirms our country's anti-Zionist stance and its rejection of the Kyrgyz government's un-Islamie policy. Israel announced last month during a visit to the Jewish state by Kyrgyzstan's President Askar Akayev that the Muslim former Soviet republic would open an embassy in occupied Jerusalem.

### Algerian court delays FIS appeal hearing

ALGIERS (R) - Algeria's supreme court postponed for two weeks Tuesday a hearing of defence and prosecution appeals against jail sentences imposed on leaders of the outlawed Islamic Salvation Front (FIS), legal sources said. Abassi Madani and his dearth Ali Bolhedin and his dearth Al his deputy Ali Belhadj were jailed last July for 12 years on charges including attacking state security. Five other FIS leaders were sentenced to up to six years on lesser charges. "It has been put off for two weeks, until Feb. 16, to allow absent (defence) lawyers to prepare their case, one of a group of three defence lawyers said as the court adjourned. The FIS leaders and their lawyers boycotted the July trial, claiming it was political and demanding it be opened to fore-ign journalists and observers.

### Egyptian police hold another 25 suspects

CAIRO (R) — Egyptian police arrested 25 Muslim militants last week on charges of possessing arms and anti-government leaflets, security sources said Tues-day. They said two of the mili-tants were from Cairo and the rest were arrested in Al Fayoum province, southwest of the capital. The sources said about 700 the government launched a campaign in December to crush militants seeking to turn Egypt into a

### OAU calls for Zaire peace talks

DAKAR (R) — Senegalese President Abdou Diouf, chairman of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU), has appealed for rival factions in Zaire to open peace talks. In a statement published on Monday night, Mr. Diouf said growing violence in Zaire served neither the interests of Zaireans nor of Africa as a whole. "That is why, in my capacity as current OAU chairman, I launch an urgent appeal to all Zairean political leaders to open a sincere dialogue based on the overriding interests of the Zairean nation and people," he said. He did not specify a time or place for talks or say who should attend.

### Airbus denies sending team to Iraq

PARIS (R) — European consortium Airbus Industrie Tuesday denied an Iraqi statement that it planned to send a delegation to Baghdad for talks on an aircraft sales contract. "We're not planning for the time being to send a delegation ... this report is totally untrue," an Airbus spokeswoman said. The Iraqi news agency (INA) said Friday an Airbus deegation would soon resume talks on a contract signed in 1990 to buy five Airbus airlines for \$500 million. It said the aircraft would start flying once a United Nations

### Kayhan urges new U.S. attitude

NICOSIA (R) — An Iranian newspaper Tuesday urged the United States to end its "hostile" attitude towards Tehran, saying it is missing out on a husiness bonanza. Kayhan International, putting its own spin on President Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani's remarks Sunday on prospects of reestablishing relations with the United States, said tensions between Tehran and Washington had to be defused. "Washington is losing a lot for the pursuit of this hostile policy towards Iran," said the English-language paper, quoted by Iran's official news RECOCY TRNA.

# Palestinians reject Rabin deal, insist 799 be implemented

Israel cool to rejection of return of 100 expellees; U.S. says no further U.N. step

Combined agency dispatches

PALESTINIANS Tuesday sparned Israel's U.S.-backed offer to allow 100 of nearly 400 expelled Palestinians to return from their snowy hillside camp in South Lebanon.

Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Foreign Minister Shimon Peres shrugged off the Arab reiection.

By offering to take back 100 men, shorten the expulsion term of the other 296 to one year and allow them humanitarian aid by helicopter, he secured one of his two goals — to prevent unpre-cedented U.N. sanctions against

He said the new Clinton administration promised it would block U.N. moves against its ally. The other goal of restarting the U.S.-sponsored Middle East peace talks still appeared out of reach. The Palestinians refused to return to the negotiating table until all evictees were allowed

Mr. Rabin said the deal was worked out with the United

BAGHDAD (R) — Pa

leader Yasser Arafat met Presi-

dent Saddam Hussein Tuesday

and diplomats said Iraq was look-

ing for a breaktbrough to end

isolation from the Arab World.

It was the first time that the

two leaders have held talks since

January, 1992, official sources

The Iraqi News Agency (INA)

quoted the Palestinian leader af-

ter his 10-hour trip from Jordan

late Monday as calling Iraq's re-construction and reconciliation

efforts a sign of "the greatness of

the Iraqi people and their lead-

by Deputy Prime Minister Tareq

Aziz and Foreign Minister

Mohammad Saeed Al Sahaf, also

praised Iraq's overtures to

Washington as 'a new page with

the new American administration

Iraq has been using the new

U.S. administration to try to

break out of its isolation after the

Gulf war, which destroyed much

of its military muscle. Last month

Iraq declared a unilateral cease-

fire as a goodwill gesture to Presi-

The move, which followed re-

newed U.S. and allied attacks on

and the other parties."

dent Bill Clinton.

Mr. Arafat, who was greeted

meet in Baghdad

### Jordan: Israel trying to circumvent U.N. resolution

AMMAN (J.T.) --- Foreign Minister Kamel Abu Jaber said Tuesday Israel's offer to allow the return of 100 Palestinians from the over 400 expelled to Lebanon seven weeks ago reflects the Jewish state's persistence in challenging the international community and resolutions of international legitimacy.

Dr. Abu Jaber said the decision was an attempt on the part of Israel to get rid of the stalemate it caused for itself and manifests its rejection of an immediate implementation of U.N. Security Council Resolution 799, which calls for returning the expellees to their homes in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

"It (the offer) was also an attempt to manipulate the decision through partitioning it, although Israel realises the importance of implementing it immediately and fully," he said.

Jordan Television quoted the foreign minister as calling on the international community to shoulder its responsibilities in not

allowing any state to selectively determine it ohligations. The international community should also adopt a unified standard for committing states to implement international resolutions and to counter any attempt to bypass them, he said.

States which had promised to deal even if the evictees refused block any attempt to impose to return. sanctions against Israel over the

after accusations it was

He told a news conference

"The United States will pre-

# ent any decision that has an Washington would honour the (Couthwed ou page 5) Saddam, Arafat

breaking ceasefire terms, was accompanied by a call for dia-AMMAN - The Islamic Resist-This (initiative) clears the way for the building up of new rela-tions...," Mr. Arafat said. "It will enable us all as an Arab Nation to face up to the challenges in the

new world order." Diplomats said the visit, the first since the Palestine Liberation Organisation's (PLO) public attempts at reconciliation with Sandi Arabia, could be a mediation attempt by Mr. Arafat to help bring Iraq back into the Arab fold.

"I don't discard the possibility that perhaps be's come with a certain message," said an Arab diplomat.

He added that Mr. Arafat, who recently met Egyptian President Hosni Mnbarak and has good relations with Morocco's King Hassan, could be trying to open the door to mediation efforts. Kiog Hassan last year made a tour of the region to try to heal

divisions caused by the 1990-1991 Gulf war. Diplomats said it was too soon at the time for real progress and Arab states were

(Continued on page 5)

# Hamas rejects U.S. tag

By Sulciman Al Khalidi Renter

ance Movement (Hamas) condemned Tuesday a U.S. plan to label it officially as a "terrorist" group, saying it was ready to sit down with the West and explain

The group, at the centre of the crisis over Israel's expulsion of more than 400 Palestinians, said that it sought not to shed inno-cent blood and that its recent attacks had all been against military targets in the Israeli-occupied

"We are not a terrorist group," Mohammad Nazzal, a Hamas spokesman in Jordan, told Reu-

There is no justification to include Hamas amongst organisations sponsoring terrorism. We are an Islamic national liberational group and all international covenants allow us to use legitimate methods to fight the occupation.

The State Department said Monday Hamas was committing "terrorist" acts and would feature in its 1993 "terrorism" report. We are ready to enter a complete and full dialogue with the

(Continued on page 3)

# an street covered with snow Tuesday (Photo by

# Dams are near full after snow and rain

By Elia Nasrallah Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Thanks to the recent rains and snow many of the dams in Jordan are 80 to 90 per cent full; the largest, the King Talal Dam, registered 70 million cubic metres of rain water as of Tuesday afternoon, Jordan Valley Authority (JVA) Secretary General

Abdul Aziz Wishah reported.

Dr. Wishah told the Jordan Times that because the land was relatively dry due to the lack of rain for more than two weeks, not much run-off water reached the dams; but this will be compensated for by the melting snow that fell Tuesday, and there were bound to he floods in some areas.

He said the JVA was going ahead with plans to build more dams in the Jordan Valley to collect rain water for irrigation during the dry season, adding that in the second half of 1993 work was scheduled to start on the construction of the Karameh dam in the central Jordan Valley.

Dr. Wishah said 19 companies had already submitted bids for the dam which will have a capacity of 55 million cubic metres of water. He said the Arab Fund for Economic and Social Development

(AFESD) will offer the JVA a loan for the project.

The snowfall will continue intermittently Wednesday, according to the Department of Meteorology, which said that the force of the storm was diminishing as the depression that was centred over

Cyprus had moved towards eastern Syria and nothern Iraq.

A department spokesman said snow will continue to fall intermittently on regions rising above 800 metres above sea level, with night temperatures remaining around -1°C and rising to no more than 2°C during the day.

The forecast for Thursday and Friday, the spokesman said, is more or less rainy and snowy with similar temperatures. A slight improvement in the weather could occur on Thorsday and Friday, although it will remain partly cloudy to cloudy, the

The snow Tuesday forced the Ministry of Education to close schools, community colleges and universities.

The weather also prompted Speaker of the Lower House of

Parliament Abdul Latif Arabiyat to announce the postponement of Wednesday's session until Sunday,

# Peace talks falter amid new Somali clashes

MOGADISHU (Agencies) — The start of preliminary peace talks among Somalia's warring factions was delayed Tuesday by a new outbreak of fighting near

the southern port of Kismaya.

In the latest incident, a U.S.
helicopter gunship Monday fired
on a Somali vehicle that military officials said was advancing on Belgian troops near Kismayu, here clans continue to fight.

Nine Somalis were reported killed in the fighting, including two found in the destroyed vehicle, said Marine Chief Warrant Office Virginia Bueno. The developments came as

U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher said he and U.N.

Secretary-General Boutros Ghali agreed it was time for a United Nations force to replace the Americans in Somalia. The Somali factions', talks

were to have begun in Mogadishu Monday but were delayed by objections from General Moha mad Farrah Aideed, one of the country's principal warlords, a U.N. spokesman said. The spokesman, Faronk Maw

lawi, said a Gen. Aideed asked for a suspension because of what he called continued ceasefire violations by a rival, Mohammad Said Hirsi.

Gen. Hirsi, better known as Gen. Morgan, is a son-in-law of

Barre. He continued to wage war in the south and west of the country after the ousted president fled into exile two years ago.
U.S. and Belgian troops found
the bodies of 15 Somalis after

flushing out militia fighters from a village near Kismayu port Monday, a defence ministry spokesman said in Brussels. "Some of the bodies had clear-

fare)," the spokesman said Tuesday. The raid on Beer Xany, northeast of Kismayu, was mounted Monday to sweep the area clean of fighters belonging to the militia led by Gen. Morgan. The defence spokesman said

ousted dictator Mohammad Siad the deaths appeared to be a result

of fighting Sunday between Gen. Morgan and the rival clan of Four Somalis were wounded in

the clash and were being treated in Kismayu, he said. There had been no losses among Beglian and U.S. soldiers.

Nearly 500 U.S. Marines left for home Monday, flying out of an airport hit by suiper fire only an hour before the departure.

The 473 Marines were the first of some 2,700 American troops to be withdrawn this week.

All those departing are support and logistic personnel whose jobs were either eliminated or turned over by the Marines to the U.S.

# Afghan defence minister plans major offensive

KABUL (Agencies) — Afghan Defence Minister Ahmad Shab Masood has said his forces were planning a major attack oo a renegade Majahedeen chief to halt his bloody bombardment of

In a rare interview at his Kabul home late Monday, Mr. Masood ruled out an immediate ceasefire to end more than two weeks of fighting around the capital that have injured 2,200 people and

killed several hundred. For the 15th day Tuesday, the city came under beavy shelling from positions held by fundamentalist Gulbuddin Hekmatyar, leader of the radical Hezb-e-

Islami party. "Our main plan is the destruc-

tion of Hekmatyar's artillery and the cutting off his supply routes," Mr. Masood told Reuters.

"This will be followed by a major offensive to push Hekmatyar right out of the city." Mr. Masood said his forces had already cut some of Hekmatvar's supply routes, although Tues-day's heavy bombardment indicated the guerrilla leader must have other routes or abundant

Hezb forces have been attacking Kahul intermittently since Mnjahedeen guerrillas, led hy Mr. Masood's Jamiat-e-Islami party, took Kahul from its former communist rulers last April.

weapons supplies.

Mr. Hekmatyar launched blistering offensive on the capital ple were killed, and has since' subjected Kahnl to sporadie the defensive."

were riven by disagreement during the war against the former Soviet Union and have since squabbled over power. Mr. Hekmatyar began his attacks after his old arch-rival Masood entered Kabul first after the communists fell and is fighting now for supreme power, diplomats say.

Mr. Masood brushed aside suggestions that his troops had failed to make progress against the Hezb in one of two main fronts to the west of the city.

"Everywhere else we are just on

He aeknowledged that Mr. The many Mujahedeen groups Hekmatyar's recent alliance with the Hezb-e-Wahdat party based in the west of Kabul had become one of the army's main problems

The 43-year-old veteran of the war of resistance has long been regarded as the foremost military leader in the resistance move-

ment. Dr. Masood dismissed a peace formula agreed on Sunday in the eastern town of Jalalabad, brokered by Saudi and Pakistani envoys. It was agreed by six Mnjahedeen groups, including "Our main priority is to the east where the rocket bases are." the Hezb, and called for a cease-east where the rocket bases are."

# Government seen trying to minimise damage from law segregating sexes which solely serve the purpose

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Either because it was caught unawares or was unwilling to put np a fight with the ultra-conservative groups, the centre government of Prime Minsiter Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker last week had to accept yet another edict from parliament restricting its free-dom of movement in the application of the law. Last time it was the hanning of alcohol, then investing the savings of the Martyrs Fund in accordance with Islamic sharia. And this time it was a draft law segregating sexes at sports centres and physical fitness facilities, including swimming

Following the incorporation of the controversial clause in a draft law on youth welfare, the government is trying to put up a brave face by arguing that the law is primarily aimed at regulating the status of "commer cial establishments" which offer sports and physical fitness facilities rather than separating men and women frequenting such centres.

"Hotels and social clubs registered with the Ministry of Youth will not be affected by the law," said Minister of Youth Saleh Irsheidat. "Some of the social clubs have ministry approval dating back to 20 or 30 years."

sports and fitness centres in Jordan which are not licensed by the Ministry of Youth and the draft law specifically targets them," the minister told the Jordan Times in an interview,

"But there are over 260

The minister argued that the "social clubs are social and cultural institution's with a general assembly and an administrative body unlike the oneman or two-man shows like the commercial establishments of making money for their owners. Notwithstanding the argu-

ment, experts say that a close reading of the language of the law indicates that all establishments could be affected if the government chooses to do so. Social clubs are given a onetime approval and do not require annual renewal of hcences as commercial establishments do, but the government could demand that they impose segregation.

By and large, most of the "commercial sports centres" - such as martial arts schools and physical fitness facilities have separate timings and facilities for men and women, hut are not being very strict about enforcing segregation, preferring to leave it to individuals to make their choice. Officials of social clubs reg-

istered with the ministry said

they did not expect to be

affected by the law.
"As things stand today, I don't think the law is applicable to us," said Derek Ledger, general manager of the Royal Automobile Club of Jordan (RACI), which follows a liberal policy. "Anyway we have to see how (the government) chooses to implement the law."

Adnan Naghwi, president of the Al Ahli Club — one of the oldest in Jordan - said he was not approached by the authorities for consultations over the planned legislation. But, he said. Al Ahli does not expect itself to be included in the new

"We were given approval hy. the Ministry of Interior in 1945 as a social club," he said. Subsequently, when ministries of youth and social development were created, "we received automatic recognition and approval from those authorities."

Ahli has a mostly family kind of membership and it offers such an atmosphere where segregation of men and women does not come into the pic-The original text of the draft

"In any event," he said, "Al

law on youth welfare as presented to the House by the government was aimed at empowering the Ministry of Youth to take charge of the legal status of commercial sports centres and facilities. It made no mention of segregating sexes as a condition for licensing "commercial establishments" which offer health and sports facilities.

But the Brotherhood bloc. attending the House session in strength, managed to incorporate the additional provision that licences for such establishments were contingent on segregation of sexes.

The Brotherhood move came against the recommenda-

tion of the House's Judiciary Committee that an entire article which said the Ministry of Youth would be in charge of licensing commercial "re-creational and sports centres, including swimming pools and lifeguards" be deleted from the

draft law. The House voted 34 against 19 to retain the article in the law along with the Brotherhood-proposed incorporation.

"The government was taken by surprise and found itself left with the fait accompli," said a parliamentary observer. "Instead of achieving its original ohjective, it was left with a law that looked like taking the country back several decades."

"No doubt the government is now trying to minimise the dam-age," said the observer. There are expectations that the draft law could undergo trimmings

and the controversial segregation clause could be eliminated by the

Upper House of Parliament. If the Upper House does so and insists on its stand, then a joint session of the two chambers would have to vote on the law.

When and if the draft legislation

is enacted, it will become obtigatory for new applicants as well as the already operating establishments to segregate sexes as a pre-condition for securing a licence or renewing old ones.

"We already have separate timings and classes for girls and boys," said Mohammad Assaf of Fares Tae-kwon-doo Centre on Universi-

There are exceptional cases when some girls might want to train with boys of advanced levels," said Mr. Assaf. "lo such cases we ask for the family's

A four-year-old "work-out centre" in Shmeisani said it maintains separate timings for the two sexes. but some of its clients mix freely,

having chosen on their own to switch timings.

"In fact our registration says

(Continued on page 5)

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

TEL AVIV (AP) — Legislator Yael Dayan came under attack be

fellow members of the centre-left Labour Party Monday for her

meeting with Yasser Arafat last week, radio reports said. Ma.

Dayan was the first lawmaker and second Israeli to visit Mr.

Arafat in Tunis after parliament last month cancelled a law banning contacts with Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)

officials. Israeli peace activist Abie Nathan met Mr. Arafar just after the law was dropped. The 51-year-old Ms. Dayan, a writer

and the daughter of the late Israeli defence minister Moche

Dayan, and has fostered links with Palestinians both in the

occupied territories and ahroad, Legislator Avigdor Kahalami accused Ms. Dayan of hurting the Labour-led government, and

Yael Dayan attacked by own party

# Oil firms 'lining up' for deals with Iraq

By Jane Araf

Reuter BAGHDAD — Oil companies from the United States, Europe and Asia are lining up for what promises to be a post-sanctions oil boom in Iraq, diplomats say. "It is clear that some Amer-

ican, French, Italian and Japanese companies are conducting talks with Iraq for large-scale agreements to explore for oil in the south," a European envoy told Reuters.

The firms were generally believed to be negotiating generous production-sharing accords to take effect after U.N. trade sanc-

French oil companies have made no secret of their talks. But the involvement of American companies, whose govern-ment has spearheaded the drive to keep Iraqi oil off world mar-kets in line with United Nations

trade sanctions, is more sensitive. Washington has gone further than the U.N. sanctions in essentially banning its citizens from discussing husiness deals or travelling to Iraq on non-

Diplomats did not have details of the companies involved but one said the U.S. firms were believed to include major multinationals which operated in Iraq hefore its 1990 invasion of Kuwait.

The U.S. oil company talks generally appeared to be con-ducted in Baghdad and Amman with Arab-Americans acting on behalf of the firms, the envoy

He said foreign companies generally were negotiating or had signed framework agreements giving them between 35 per cent and 50 per cent of production over periods of eight to 10 years.
The start dates have been left

The Iraqis are eager to show that there is interest among the coalition members in doing husi-ness with them," said another European envoy.

Production-sharing deals would be particularly attractive for France, which before the Gulf war imported more than 30 per cent of its oil from Iraq, diplomats said.

Diplomats had no indications that oil firms were donating food and medicine to Iraq to sweeten future contracts as published reports have suggested but did not

rule this out.
Iraq's official media last week quoted Oil Minister Usama Al Hiti as saying foreign firms were lining up to huy Iraqi oil.

The black market value of the Iraqi dinar rose to 34 to the dollar from 38 on the news, husiness-

men said. The currency is officially peg-ged at one for \$3, a rate Baghdad says it will attain once its oil

exports flow again. Mr. Hiti has said Iraq is now prepared to produce three million harrels of crude daily and could

double that by the year 2000. Iraq, OPEC's second biggest oil producer before the U.N. imposed a sweeping trade ban soon after it invaded Kuwait in August 1990, has among the world's biggest reserves in its southern fields.

The government, holding out for a better deal, has so far rejected U.N. proposals for selling limited amounts of oil under supervision.

It now exports only to Jordan in repayment of debt and limited quantities of fuel are smuggled to

Analysts say it has rebuilt its damaged oil sector to the point where it could quickly resume large-scale exports.

# Israel says friction with EC resolved

lier, he told the EC ministers:

hanced relationship and a deeper

EC External Relations Com-

missioner Hans van den Broek

told reporters that it was true

Israel had not bowed to U.N.

demands that all the evictees

should be allowed to return im-

But he added: "Israel has

nevertheless opened the door to a solution and that is important. It

Mr. Peres said Israel had drop-

ped its objection to the EC send-

mg financial, health and food aid

directly to the occupied West

The issue has caused friction for some time, with the EC insist-

ing that it should be able to act

"Now we say 'do it as you want.' We shall belp and sup-

The EC ministers had said they

would still follow the issue of the

evictees, Mr. Peres said, hut they

had agreed to continue talks on

updating a 1975 EC-Israel trade

"The link (between the two sues) was unlinked," Mr. Peres

said. Israel is seeking much closer

ties, including freedom of move-ment in capital and services and

greater cooperation in the fields

"We don't ask for privileges, we ask for equality," Mr. Peres

said, "We want to find our

of science and technology.

mediately.

is a helpful step."

independently.

Bank and Gaza Strip.

port," Mr. Peres said.

We do ...aspire to an en-

BRUSSELS (Agencies) - Israel' sion to modify its position. Earsaid Tuesday it had agreed with the European Community (EC) to continue talks on closer trade ties, following its decision to level of substantive cooperation." allow some expelled Palestinians to return home.

Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres also told reporters his country, at a dinner meeting with EC foreign ministers in Brussels late Monday, had dropped objections on how community aid was provided to the Israeli-occupied territories.

But it was not immediately clear how the Palestinian rejection of the Israeli offer to the evictees would affect EC-Israel relations.

These had looked shaky until Israel, under mounting international pressure, announced late Monday that it would allow some of the Palestinians it expelled six week ago to return.

"The ministers have expressed their readiness about continuing negotiations with Israel," Mr Peres said. The next round of would take place on March 2.

The EC ministers described the Israeli decision to take back some of the Palestinian expellees as a helpful step in relations between Israel and the EC. "I find this information a very

good step. I find it very helpful, Danish Foreign Minister Niels Helveg Petersen, who chaired the neeting as the current president of the EC, told reporters after the

neeting.

Mr. Peres said the community's firm opposition to the expulsions had played a role in Israel's deci-



BATTLE AGAINST DRUGS: A worker from series of raids were set on fire. Pakistam, believed to the Pakistani Narcotic Control Bureau pours petrol be a major transit point for drugs, is under over confiscated drugs before they are destroyed international pressure to curb the thriving trade Tuesday. Tens of tonnes of drugs seized during a (AFP photo)

# Sudan to give aid agencies better access

government has promised to give the country as well as emergency aid organisations better access to relief in the south. victims of famine and disease in the war-ravaged south of the country, a United Nations official

Charles Lamuniere, head of the U.N.'s Humanitarian Affairs Department in Geneva, said the accord should enable vital relief to reach millions of people displaced by the long civil war.
But he said it was not yet

certain whether the government would live up to its pledges.
"We have now the elements for an improved presence in Sudan and it's up to us to ensure that this doesn't become another

piece of paper floating around," Mr. Lamuniere told a news con-The agreement was signed after a four-day meeting in Khar-toum last week between Sudan's Islamic military government, U.N. officials and key non-

governmental organisations. It provides for greater cooperaagencies and Sudanese organisations, more hiring of local staff, and the use of aid for rehabilita-

GENEVA (AP) - The Sudanese tion programmes in all parts of

There is a working committee of government officials and aid representatives to try to implement the accord. U.N. agencies are present in

some parts of southern Sudan, which is in the grips of a 10-yearold civil war. However, after growing tensions, the govern-ment forced all but a handful of private relief organisations to pull out from the south last year. It is feared that there are pock-

ets of starvation in sonthern Sudan - an area the size of France - even worse than in neighbouring Somalia. . .

And there is growing concern about the spread of a parasiteborne disease called kala-azar. The group Medecins Sans Frontieres (Doctors Without Borders) estimates that up to 60,000 people have died of the disease, spread by sand flies. The World Health Organisation has warned that 400,000 tion between international relief agencies and Sudanese organisaregion may be at risk. The government has disputed the figures and said there is no evidence of

The terms of last week's accord would enable government workers to team up with international relief officials to check on worst affected areas and would allow for the resumption of specifie

Mr. Lamuniere said there seemed to be a "genuine desire" on the part of the government to improve relations with aid organisations and donor governments and ease away from its isolation from the West.

He said the government apparently signed the deal because it feared it had passed the point of no-return," with already scarce aid funds threatened further.

The fighting and war-induced famine has claimed hundreds of thousands of lives and displaced more than six millioo people from their homes. It is feared that up to one million people may be at risk of starvation. Fighting resulting from the

break-up of the rebel group in the Christian-dominated south has complicated the work of aid agencies still further.

# lawmaker Eli Ben-Menachem said that "perhaps the time has come for her to leave the Labour Party," according to the reports. Ms. Dayan told army radio that though there were "really hash things" said in a meeting of parliament's Labour faction, there also were expressions of connect. The melio said Mr. Dayan told. also were expressions of support. The radio said Ms. Dayan was supported only by Yossi Beilin and Avraham Burg, legislators in the party's dovish wing. Ms. Dayan added on the radio that she was experienced at being attacked by people who apparently feel the need to attack something name.

the need to attack something new.

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THE RESERVE

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Russians protest at U.S. embassy in support of Iraq MOSCOW (AP) — Several dozen Russian hardliners held a vigit Monday near the U.S. embassy to protest U.S. policies in Iraq and the former Yugoslavia. There were mostly elderly men and women in the crowd of about 50 people, supporters of Russia's nationalist and conservative National Salvation Front. Police ordered the demonstrators to stand on a side street next to the embassy in downtown Moscow. The protesters raised placards that read, "Hands off Iraq" and accused the United States ofbeing "the empire of evil." Other placards stated support for Serbia. No violence or arrests were reported during the demonstration stration. Russian hardliners have accused the government of abandoning Iraq, a traditional ally of the former Soviet Union, and "brotherly Slavs" in Serbia, or the sake of friendship with the United States. They have demanded that Russia take diplomatic action to stop U.S. air raids on Iraq and cancel U.N. sanctions against the former Yugoslavia.

### Bonn denies diplomats backed 'spy' in Iran

BONN (R) - The Bonn foreign ministry denied Monday that a German sentenced to death by an Iranian court had the support of German diplomats to spy for Iraq. A Tehran newspaper said engineer Helmut Szimkus spied for Iraq with the knowledge and approval of German diplomats. Asked if Bonn's diplomats had been involved in any way, foreign ministry spokesman Hanns Schumacher said: "This I deny categorically." Tehran's Salam newspaper said Mr. Szimkus was recruited by an Iraqi intelligence officer in 1995. 96 and the information of the said that is the said that the said t officer in 1985-86 and the information he sent to Iraq in return for cash helped the Iraqi army in its air and missile attacks during the 1980-88 Iran-Iraq war. The report alleged that Mr. Szimkus met a Saudi diplomat and a United Arab Emirates diplomat in Tehran before leaving Iran at the end of the first of two spying stints. It was the first detailed account of the case in Iran's media since newspapers quoting Iran's prosecutor-general last week said a German had been sentenced to death for spying for Iraq.

### Ramadan in Algeria with message from Saddam

ALGIERS (R) — Iraqi Vice-President Taha Yassin Ramadan is visiting Algiers with a message from President Saddam Hussem for Head of State Ali Kafi, official media said. The message dealt with bilateral relations and the situation in the Arab world, Algiers Radio said. Mr. Ramadan was welcomed at Algiers airport Monday by Redha Malek, member of Algeria's collective presidency. He said that during his two-day visit he would also meet Prime Minister Belaid Abdul Salam, the official news agency APS reported. Algeria's leaders last month criticised allied air raids on Iraq, mounted to persuade Baghdad to comply with U.N. resolutions, and called for dialogue to replace

### Moroccan socialists quit election body

RABAT (R) - Morocco's socialist opposition party has withdrawn from a national commission set up to control parliamentary elections in April, a party leader said Monday. The Socialist Union of People's Forces (USFP) suspended its participation indefinitely because of human rights violations, said its secretary, Mohammad Al Yazghi. The move follows an appeal court decision Thursday to uphold a two-year jail sentence on an outspoken onion leader allied to the USFP. The unionist, Nonbir Al Amaoui, was convicted by a lower court last April of making insulting and libellous remarks about the authorities in an interview with the Spanish daily El Pais. The USFP called the appeal court's decision iniquitous, scandalous and a violation of freedom of expression. "The authorities have created an atmosphere of tension when detente is required," Mr. Al Yazghi said. Several other people had been jailed for expressing their opinions, he said.

# Cyprus believes it holding French murder suspect

NICOSIA (R) — Cyprus police said Tuesday they had detained a man believed to be Charles Altieri, sentenced in absentia for the murder of a French judge 12 years ago. A police spokesman said they were questioning a man travelling on a Belgian passport to determine whether he is Altieri, sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of Judge Pierre Michel in Marseilles in October, 1981. "Acting on information from Interpol, Belgian passpor holder Yves Dominique Pettens was arrested at Larnaca airport on his arrival from Dubai Monday," a police spokesman said. "We believe he is Charles Altieri, a French citizen wanted by the French authorities in connection with the murder of French Judge Pierre Michel..." the spokesman added. "If it is proven that the man under arrest is Altieri, we will begin the procedure to extradite him to France." Altieri, who had a long criminal record, disappeared after escaping from a Swiss prison where he was serving a term for drugs trafficking, after which he was due to be extradited to France. A court which sentenced Altieri in absentia heard that be was the driver of a motocycle whose pillion rider fired the shots which killed the jndge.

# Iran celebrates the revolution that never quite ended

By Neil MacFarquhar

Council Niels Helveg Petersen (right) shows Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres his sent at a meeting in Brussels late Monday (AFP

The Associated Press TEHRAN — Tens of thousands of Iranians converged on the tomb of the late Avatollah Ruhollah Khomeini Monday to mark his return 14 years ago for the final push against the Shah.

Ayatollah Khomeini's stature as an imam continues to grow. Nearly four years after his death he remains the central figure in celebrations culminating in the official anniversary of the Islamic re-volution on Feb. 11.

But his heirs grapple with deep-rooted economic problems that have left much of the country's 60 million population worn out from the daily struggle to make ends meet.

"The fact is that with every revolution the first day you see great enthusiasm, but it gradually dissipates," said Morteza Firoozi, editor-in-chief of the English daily Tehran

"Our revolution has entered a phase where we want to create order. The people want the economic situation to im-

Iran's hasic blueprint has

been to try to preserve the cultural guidelines Ayatollah Khomeini estahlished while eliminating most of the state control that came with the re-

By attracting cash, from ahroad, especially hillions owned by Iranian entrepreneurs and industrialists who fled with the Shah in 1979, the government of President Hashemi Rafsanjani hopes to rebuild manufacturing plants and the military decayed by the neglect and the 1980-88 war with Iraq.

"Rafsanjani must create enough security and confidence in Iranians so they can hring back assets and invest here," said Raja'i Khorassani, a member of parliament and former U.N. ambassador.

Overseas, Iran wants to lead an independent Islamic hloc. Tehran denies frequent charges by Washington and others that it seeks to export fundamentalism and develop a massive arsenal, including nnclear weapons, to achieve that.

'We believe the West ought to respect Islamic public opinion and leave Muslims to them-

**USEFUL TELEPHONE** 

NUMBERS

selves to choose their destiny on the basis of their own convictions," Mr. Rafsanjani said Sunday in his first international news cooference in two years.

They cannot go on suppressing Muslim people forever. They may be able to postpone events, delay certain events, but the more they are delayed, the more explosive they will become," he said.

Iran emerged from the Gulf war that followed Iraq's invasion of Kuwait in a strong position. Its Arab neighbours and their Western protectors were grateful that Tehran had not done anything to wreck the offensive against Baghdad.

But that went up in smoke over a series of problems ranging from territorial disputes to raising the bounty for killing British writer Salman Rushdie, condemned by Ayatollah Khomeini for hlasphemiog Islam. Iran says the West constantly generates new excuses to try to punish it.

Mr. Rafsanjani said he saw little hope for an early resumption of ties with the United States, severed after militants seized 52 hostages in the U.S. embassy in November 1979 and held them for 444 days. Ayatollah Ali Khamenei who inherited Ayatollah Khomeini's mantle as the country's overall spiritual and political leader, has also ruled out such ties. Since his opin-

they cannot be directly challenged.
"If someone speaks of rapprochement he is accused of treachery," said Mr. Khorassani, the ex-U.N. envoy.

ions are virtually religious law,

Iranians and Western diplomats dismiss speculation that a rift between Ayatollah Khamenei and Mr. Rafsanjani on this and other issues is causing gridlock. "The architects of the re-

volution are unlikely to have a real fight. If one goes the other will go," said one prominent journalist, asking that his name not be used because he also works for the government.

Analysts here said outsiders were too quick to assume that by engineering the more radiodergymen out of parliament in the April elections, Mr. Rafsanjani was ushering in a more

The radicals have disappeared from public view, but continue needling the govern-ment through their newspaper Many Iranians say its irreve-

rent attacks on everything from unrealistic oil price projections in the budget to the sorry state of domestic air travel has made it one of the best reads in town. Iranians and diplomats cite

three basic reasons working against rapid change. First, despite a 70 per cent

turnover in the 250-seat parliament, Mr. Rafsanjani kept the cabinet basically the same to. avoid damaging his chances for reelection this June. Second, riots over housing

shortages erupted in a number of Iranian cities. Since the current leaders organised the riots that toppled the Shah, they were quick to crack down. Third, Iran overextended it-

self in buying imports and has not attracted the kind of investments that generate cash. Its budget deficit for the year that ends in March is projected at \$14 billion. European and Japanese bankers have started capping credit for Iran duc to delays in repaying an estimated \$30 billion in short-term debt.

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19:30	News in Hebrew
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(directory assistance) 121
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# privatisation to take off soon

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Plans to privatise Royal Jordanian, the national carrier, will be airborne in the first half of February with an international consultancy firm awarded a contract to study the status of the airline and draw up a definite course towards privatisa-

Official sources said a government committee in charge of preparing the ground for converting the wholly state-owned airline into a private sector entity has shortlisted six consultancy firms to carry out the study and a final decision on awarding the contract is expected to be taken soon.

The contract should be awarded before mid-February," said an official source. The source declined to name the aspirants for the contract or give further de-

But Royal Jordanian as well as other sources have said that preference would be given to international companies with proven records in direct involvement in running airlines. "What we need is an interna-

tional institution which knows the airline business from the inside. from actual first-hand experience in operating an international carrier," said a senior official.

Essentially, the study will be "a complete, in-depth evaluation and assessment of the airline's status, including all aspects of operations and administration."

added the official, who preferred anonymity.

Mahmoud Balqez, president and chief executive officer of the airline, told a meeting of sales and marketing managers late last year that the main objective of privatisation was to get out of the lingering problems of indebtedness and under-capitalisation. "One of the reasons for priva-

tisation of the airline is the generation of enough cash and a comfortable working capital visa-vis its presently acute under-capitalisation while we debate how best to meet out past obligations and restart with a fairly clean slate," Mr. Balqez said. In the late 1980s, the airline found itself facing the reality of accummulated debts of over Mahmoud Jamai Balqez JD 250 million and sought government help.

But the requests were rejected by successive governments, which told the airline not to expect the treasury to bail it out and to find its own means to correct its situa-

However, the government did step in, indirectly and directly, to recommendations, the govern-help the airline when the crisis ment believes that Jordan and amount of cash.

When it became clear that RJ helping itself out of its difficulties was nearly impossible, the government was compelled to take up the issue of privatisation and form a committee to supervise



Deputy Prime Minister and Transport Minister Ali Suheimat and includes several other senior officials as well as the chief executive officer of the airline.

While the ultimate shape of the privatisated entity will depend largely on the planned study and appeared to get out of hand, but Jordanians should retain a condeclined to inject any large trolling interest in the airline regardless of every other consideration, officials say.

The first step would be to convert the state enterprises into an entity owned partly by government and partly by various government-controlled agencies and institutions such as the Jor-The committee is chaired by dan Petroleum Refining Comwhich are among the major local creditors of the airling.

The general idea in the first phase is to offer these institutions shares in lieu of debts owed to them," said an official. "The shares will not be transferable unless with the explicit permission of the government."

The second phase involves privatisation in its full sense. The shares held by the local institutions will be transferred to others as long as the total volume of shares in the hands of foreign interests does not exceed 49 per

The privatisation process will be implemented largely in line with a report submitted by Arthur Anderson, the international auditing company which studied the books and status of Royal Jordanian and suggested several remedial solutions.

The actual steps in the process will be guided by the findings and recommendations of the planned.

The Arthur Anderson assessment said the operational strategy of RJ was sound, but the airline had a cash flow problem. It suggested a capital increase to at least \$100 million and cautioned against any large-scale fleet commitment.

RJ, which used to be known as Alia before it underwent a revamping in the late 1980s, had made a remarkable recovery from the blow suffered during the

pany, the Housing Bank and the Social Security Corporation — Gulf crisis when it incurred a loss of about \$100 million in extra of about \$100 million in extra

insurance and lost revenues. There is no dispute in govern-ment circles and industry sources that the airline is a reasonably profitable organisation.

Tourist traffic has largely picked up and improved since the Gulf war of 1991, and RJ has not 1 2. only regained its operational profits but also steadily improved revenues at a time when the world aviation sector was going through a phase of depression.

"One would think that RJ should have gone out of business in the last two years, what with the needs around \$40 million every plunge that world travel took." said a senior official of a foreign year to service its debts. airline operating out of Amman.

"Obviously the reins were tight at RJ and it was indeed with the most careful approach that the airline managed not only to stay afloat but also avert pitfalls," said the official.

The operational profits of RJ in 1992 were estimated at more than JD 30 million, part of it achieved through reduced spending. But at a time of stiff competition and cut-throat prices in the aviation husiness, reduced spending may leave its negative impact on longterm business interests, experts

Despite its good operational track record, officials say, the burden of debts is not only wiping out the profits but also pushing the airline further into the red.

In fact the airline staff got a pay raise of 15 per cent in 1993. A Reyal Jerdanian Altun One official estimated that PJ

> Over 60 per com of PI's debts are owed to banks and other commercial institutions abroad and payable in foreign currency with the rest carried by the fordan Petroleum Refinery Company, the Social Security Corporation and the Housing Bank,

What some industry sources describe as an overambilious expansion programme pansaed during the oil boom years in terms of operations, faculties and deet strength is mainly blamed for the airline's wees.

But RJ officials counter the assertion, saying that such a progtamine was indeed werranted since the airline had always sought to surpass the limitations of a national carrier to limited

"RI crossed the threshold of Arab capitals, including the being a limited regional airline as Arab Maghreb, most of Europe. far back as the early 80s and was New York and Montreal in North competing with international America, and India. Pakistan, Sr giants such as United, Pan-American and European carriers Indonesia in the Far East. on long-distance flights such as New York to Singapore and Chi-cago to Bangkok," said a senior

lÚ official. Furthermore, the official said. RJ's training centres, aircraft maintenance workshops, simulators and other facilities make the zirline stand out among national carriers in the region.

"A price had to be paid for bringing the airline into the international and regional scene, and part of the debts that it has neurred was this price," said the official.

Lanka, Singapore, Thailand and

RI does not "own" any of the aircraft it operates on its passenger routes. All RJ passenger planes - most of them Airbuses are leased under an arrang. ment managed by a Paris-based consortium of banks. The least terms allow for the planes to be 'owned" by the airline at the end of the lease period of 12 years.

in 1989, the attline suspended its flights to Chicago and Los Angeles among other cost-cutting measures, which, according to PJ sources, produced a turnaround The airline, which now has one in the operational costs and of the biggest networks among helped it manage through one of the regional airlines, flies to most enrical periods in its history.

# Baathists deny organic links with Iraq

By Sa'eda Kilani Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Ahmad Najdawi, the secretary general of the Jordan Baath Socialist Party, has denied any contention that his party was subordinate to its Iraqi counterpart or received orders from it.

"The Jordanian Baath party is not dependent in any way on the lraqi (counterpart) and does not receive financial assistance from (any) foreign source," Mr. Nadawi said at a lecture held at the slamic Studies and Research Centre Sunday, "But that does not mean that there is no coor-

Mr. Najda i. whose party was mitiality denied recognition by the Ministry of Interior last fall, his party was older than the Iraqi chapter daimed and that it was impossible to receive any orders

from il. "While both rely on the same ideology, each takes a course that befits its objectives and circumst-

ances," he said. Together with three left-wing parties, the Baath Party was refused legal status in December by the Ministry of Interior. The party was legalised on Jan. 19 only

after it provided the ministry with assurances of its independence.

He said that the press and public opinion have contributed a lot towards the party's recogni-tion because the ministry's justification of its action was not fully convincing, "We have not made any con-

cessions or bargains to get the licence; but we agreed to add 'Jordanian' to the party's name and assured the ministry that there will be files of all the party's sympathisers. He said that the memorandum

which his party submitted to the Ministry had reaffirmed the party's belief in the message of Islam and its opposition to atheism, eved in Arab unity and was working for its realisation. "The party's history reflects its

struggle towards achieving this

objective Ibrough the sacrifices

its members have made lo achieve liberty, progress and so-cial justice," Mr. Najdawi said. "Mr. Najdawi said that the party's principles adhere to Constitution and the National Charter; and are consistent with those of the Great Arab Revolt. The party considers the Palestinian cause as one of the major issues



Ahmad Al Najdawi

The Baath, he said, calls for equal rights among citizens without discrimination in colour, sex or race, and opposes all practices that infringe upon public free-

Mr. Najdawi's audience were sceptical over the party's practices in Syria "against public freedoms," and to the Iraqi Baath party as being transformed to a Saddami one instead of a Baathi.

Mr. Najdawi claimed that Iraq was in its way to introduce pluralism and freedoms but was only delayed because of the Iraq-Iran no position to allow public freedoms since it is now in special circumstances that dictate its actions, he said. But in Syria there

no justification." ddamism" in Iraq, as Mr. Najdawi put it, was a unifying factor at times of war since there is no other alternative that would unite Iragis from all sects. The Iraqi president himself wanted greater popular participation, but his experts insisted on a tighter grip on society to avert dissen-

# 2 killed in Ruseifa fire

AMMAN (J.T.) — As a result of investigated by a special six-the snow and rain in the country member CDD team, damaged Monday 86 incidents, including windows of neighbouring homes fires, were reported to the Civil and caused chaos at nearby Defence Department (CDD).
A CDD official said these inci-

sponge factory in Ruseifa within 500,000. the Zarqa governorate.

All the contents of the two-

storey building including sponge and machinery were destroyed in the fire, which took the CDD three hours to get under control. reports said.

tains a number of schools.

schools.

Initial estimates put the losses dents included 13 fires, one at a from the fire at nearly JD

The CDD said another woman Press reports had said that two died in the Irbid governorate young women, Hanan Hassan, after suffocating from the 25, and Abeer Abdullah, 20, who kerosene heater and several peowere among the factory workers ple were rescued by the CDD were killed in the fire that en- after being trapped in a lift fol-

gulfed the factory.

The reports said Mohammad
Abbas, 30, was severely burned and injured trying to rescue the two women from the fire.

All appears in a introduction one of Amman's buildings.

The CDD said it dealt with 70 rescue operations which included cases of people falling from high places, road accidents, a fainting incident and occupational accidents.

The CDD warned people in low-lying regions to move to higher and safer ground and According to the reports, the cautioned the public against slipfactory was set up on a 600 square pery roads, especially at night, metres of land, located not far In case of an emergency, the In case of an emergency, the from a residential area that con- CDD has requested the public to The fire, which is now being or 199 for assistance.

# Hamas rejects U.S. 'terrorism' tag

(Continued from page 1)

members were extremists, saying the group confined its attacks to occupied Palestinian land, "We the ideas of others," he added. "We are always concerned to avoid shedding innocent blood

but we are in a state of war with an occupier.' Hamas, which opposes the U.S.-brokered Middle East peace talks, is a driving force behind the five-year-old revolt against Israeli

ress, its support there has grown. vate benefactors in Saudi Arabia said the "terrorism" report would ported Hamas financially. say Hamas "increasingly uses lethal tactics such as firearms and carbombs and that it was reattacks against Israeli civilian and

military targets."

West to explain the nature of the Mr. Nazzal expressed fears that movement and its objectives and the move to classify Hamas the justice of its case," Mr. Naz- amongst "terrorist" organisations was aimed at legitimising an Mr. Nazzal denied that Hamas Israeli campaign to uproot it in the occupied territories

"We only wage military action against the Israelis as part of a are not fanatics. We are open to legitimate struggle against an occupying force which has usurped our land," he said.

"All the attacks executed recently had military targets ... no violent act has been recorded by Hamas outside occupied Palestine.

The State Department official said the report would state that rule in the territories. With the Iran, Palestinians living outside peace talks making little prog- the occupied territories, and pri-A State Department official and other Gulf Arao states sup-

Mr. Nazzal said Hamas was largely funded by people living inside the occupied territories sponsible for a large number of and said anyone suggesting otherwise should back up their charges with documentary evidence.

# Quake experts urge study of dams

AMMAN (J.T.) — Participants cooperation. in a three-day seminar on earth-quakes recommend a study of study be conducted on a "model"

the dams to determine the effects of earth fremors on them. In concluding their meeting in

Amman, the delegates from several departments and orga-nisations said everything possible should be cone to screngthen the bases of the dams and the slopes behind them.

They said the proposed dam at Karomeh in the Jordan Valley falls within the Jericho rift - a known earthquake fault - and therefore will be vulnerable.

The delegates urged the Natu-ral Resources Authority (NRA), which controls the Seismological Centre, and the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment to start serious called for the unification of all meeting.

dam foundations in Jordan, parti- dam inorder to develop precularly the King Talal Dam, and cautionary measures that would the geological strata surrounding the adopted to aid in preventing destruction.

Individuals involved in seismological measurements and earthquake researchers at the NRA or universities should be provided with the appropriate material and support, the participants stressed.

The meeting, organised by the Jordanian Engineers Association (JEA), called for the unification of basic data and information related to earthquake among the various units involved in this study and urged the concerned work to authorities to establish a national necessary. ezrihquake centre to bring together skilled personnel and equipment for a unified effort.

Furthermore, the participants

codes concerning designs and other specifications in buildings and urged the JEA to continually organise training seminars for civil engineers on designing and implementing construction pro-jects with guidelines to safeguard against the destructive effects of earthquakes.

Another recommendations suggested the formation of a national information plan to spread earthquake — related information to the public.

Minister of Public Works Sazd Haye! Srour, who opened the meeting, said that although earthquakes are rare in Jordan, the establishment of a national network to monitor tremors was

Several working papers on the geological structure of Jordan and plans to face the dangers of tremors were reviewed during the

# Shakespeare comes to Amman

to watch a live professional perbest-known dramatist's most

popular plays. But this week in Animan, the British Council, in cooperation with the Amman Plaza Hotel, Emirates Airline and TNT, are presenting two performances of William Snakespeare's delightful comedy "A Midsummer Night's Dream," performed by the properformed by the professional British touring theatre

company. The London Shakespeare Group, A Midsummer Night's Dream is the story of four levers, two of

whom are escaping from Athens

They meet in a wood as they íziries.

All is not well amongst the fairles either, as the fairy king and queen have quarrelled. Everything becomes very complicated when Puck, a mischievous sprite, obtains a magic

flower, with powers to make people fall in love.

As he uses this amongst the human and fairy communines.

AMMAN (J.T.) — It's not every where they are being forced to day that one gets the opportunity marry those that they do not love. Group was created in association with the British Council with the formance of one of the worlo's are making their escape; the objective of making Shakespear's best-known dramatist's most wood is the favourite haunt of the plays accessible throughout the plays accessible throughout the world. It has been doing so for

the past sixteen years. The top actors who are selected to take part have to be adaptable. as they tour the world they play in a variety of venues to audiences of all ages and nationalities.

The London Shakespeare Group will perform a matinee at 3:30 p.m. on Wednesday Fcb. 3 confusion reigns, and the affec- at the Royal Cultural Centre, and tions of many are thrown into a dinner theatre performance at uproar with very entertaining rethe Amman Plaza Hotel on Thursday Feo. 4th.

# Home News in Brief

that it undertakes, he said.

## Bilbeisi presents credentials in France

PARIS (Petra) — Ambassador to France Mu'tassem Bilbeisi Tuesday presented his credentials to French President François Minerrand. Mr. Bilbeisi conveyed the greetings of His Majesty King Hus ain to President Mitterrand and stressed Jordan's interest in further enhancing ties of friendship and cooperation between the two countries. President Minerrano praised his relations of friendship with King Hussein, and voiced his appreciation to and admiration of Jordan's role in enhancing stability in the Middle East.

### Food distributed to Tafileh's poor

TAFILEH (Petra) - The Social Development Department Tuesday distributed canned food to poor and needy families in the various towns, villages and residential areas in Tafileh Governorate, the director of the department. Zeid Maabreh, said. Mr. Maabreh suid Tuesday's food distribution was part of a programme sinted at assisting poor families in the governorate. He said ille department had drawn up a programme for the distribution of toodstuffs to a number of villages in the governorate. He added that the department provided feodstaffs to the General Union of Voluntary Societies (GUVS) for distribution to poor families registered with the GUVS branch in Tafilch.

### Red Crescent elects secretary-general

AMMAN (Petra) — The Executive Committee of the Jordan National Red Crescent Society UNRCS) Tuesday elected Fahd Ijjeh as secretarygeneral and Walid Amin Ai Sayyed as treasurer. The committee, meeting under the chairmonship of President Mohammad Al Muilag Al Haddad, also elected a legal committee which will help it in the implementation of its humanitarian tasks. The committee also listened to a briefing by the society -mergency relief committee about the society's them to provide assistance to snow - affected. Against city.

mechansim for distributing in-kind assistance to the poor, and decided to call the various administrative committees throughout Jordan for a meeting on Friday, April, 2, to discuss the society's activities and future plans. The committee also formed a special team to prepare for a reception to be held later to honour former Presidenr Ahmad Abu Ooura, who spent 32 years in providing humanitarian assistance. The committee also decided to strike a new medal carrying the name of Dr. Ahmad Abu Qoura to be presented to those providing distinguished humanitarian services.

areas. The executive committee also approved a

### ALO to hold meeting in Amman

AMMAN (Petra) - Representatives of the Labour Ministry and the Arab Labour Organisation (ALO) met Tuesday to discuss preparations for the 20th session of the ALO conference, due to convene in Amman from April 5 to 12. Labour Minister Addui Karim Al Kabariti Wednesday will meet with the ALO director general to discuss preparations for the conference.

### Agaba to build health centre

AMMAN (Petra) - In 1992, the Agaba Health Department and its centres treated 142,457 citizens. Department Director Abdul Rahman Al Shuweikini said. He said the department recently received a school building in the old lown of Agaba and plans to convert it into a primary health-care centre. Following the necessary maintenance work, the new centre will be supplied with equipment and staffed with medical specialists, Dr. Shuweikini said. He said the health department has asked the Aqaba Region Authority to allocate land in the areas of Nattan, Muneishir, Al Aal, Al Marfar and Al Alamivveh. on which to establish primary health-care centres. The department will soon open a orimary healthcare centre in the Rawdha neighbourhood in

# what's coing on

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

### exhibitions

- A Exhibition entitled "Modernist Still Life Photographed" at the
- American Centre. # Medical book exhibition at Al Bashir Hospital.
- A Exhibition of watercolour paintings by Syrian artist Nazir Nah'z at Baladna Art Gallery. ★ Plastic art exhibition by Ahed Bani Yassin and Nawwaf Mandrel at Deir Abee Saced Girls' Secondary Schol.

# Italian film week

# English-subtitled Italian film entitled "Verso Sera" |Towards Evening) at the Royal Cultural Centre at 8 p.m. 

# Council at 7 p.m. (103 min., suitable for persons 15 years and

☆ Video film entitled "Conducting Unbecoming" at the British

THEATRE Shakespeare's play "A Midsummer Night's Dream" performed by the London Shakespeare Group at the Amman Plaza Entel.

# Delegation heads for Afro-Asian meeting

AMMAN (Petra) — bilinistry of Municipal and Rural Affairs and Environment Secretary General Asem Ghosheh will head the Jordanian delegation to the eightday meeting of the Airo-Asian Rural Development Organisation (AARDO), due to be held in Kuula Lamper Thursday.

High on the conference's agenda are proposals for setting up ... fund for rural development in Africa and Asia, and adopting a concept for comprehensive rural development in accordance with the perceptions reflected by the organisation's executive assault-

The conference will also involve discussions of the organitation's plan of action for the most three years, and reports about the work of the organisation's regional offices.

Mr. Ghosheh, who left Antman Tuesday for Malaysia, said in a departure statement that Jordan assumes the vice president of the organisation for Asia. adding that Ammun is also the headquarters of the oremivation's regional office for the idid-

He said the Jordanian dallagetion will present a working paper on Jordan's notel detelopments experience.

dle East.



From "Jerusalem Gates," a new book by Mohammad Hashem Ghoshen, published by Abdul Hamid Shome-Foundation, 154 pp.

# New book depicts Jerusalem's gates

Jerusaiem.

The illustrations include photo- Judaism. Christianity and Islam. growns and drawings of the eight. The gates are located within gates of the walled city; and the the wail which surrounds the old historical focus is on the various city that embodies Muslim, Jewinvesions launched against the ish. Christian and Armenian city by the Romans and Crusad- quarters. ers over the centuries.

The eight gates include: Jaffa sacred holy places for Christians Gate, King David Gate, Dung and Muslims. , temained closed for ages.

AMMAN (J.T.) - Jeruszlem The author describes Jerus Cates by Monammad Hashem salem as having been inhabited Ghosheh is an illustrated book on since 1800 B.C. and one of the the history of the ancient gates of principal holy places of the three great monotheistic religions:

The city also houses the most

Cate, St. Stelan's Gate, Herod's Jerusziem Gates is published Gate, Damascus Gate, the New by the Abdul Hameed Snorman Gute and the Golden Gate which Foundation and contains 154

By Dr. Abdalla Malki

# **Jordan Times**

Established 1975

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# Reward out of place

DURING A trip he made to the Arabian Gulf last week British Prime Minister John Major secured for his country a four billion dollars arms deal. It was, apparently. Britain's reward for its loyal partnership in the military, political and economic campaigns against Iraq and the time to collect on its active role in the so-called Desert Storm operation.

It does not require much imagination to realise that the Gulf war that was launched with fanfare in 1991 in response to the Iraqi invasion and occupation of Kuwait created an urgent need for rearmament in the Gulf. So Britain was not far behind the military-industrial complex in the U.S. in seeking business from those countries which were supposedly saved by Desert Storm. Mr. Major conceded that last week's Gulf deal would save or generate many thousands of jobs, something that will augur well for the British economy as well as to the political fortunes of Mr. Major's own

Conservative Party.

This much is already digested and accepted as part of the post-war reality. What is surprising, bowever, is the fact that the Gulf states have agreed to reward London at a time when Major's government has actively and effectively thwarted all efforts to help out the besieged Muslim Bosnians, including those that were contemplated by both France and the U.S. The British prime minister has even been at loggerheads with his predecessor, Margaret Thatcher, over the Bosnian conflict when she called for military intervention to stop the slaughter and systematic rape at the hands of the Bosnian Serbs. Why give him a shot in the arm now, when he has also been the prime mover behind U.S. President Bill Clinton's retreat on his campaign pledge to lift the arms embargo on the Bosnian Muslims and to use limited military intervention against Serbian forces, is totally mind boggling to us. French Foreign Minister Roland Dumas had spearheaded a French chorus of voices demanding nstant military intervention in former Yugoslavia in the aftermath of the shocking news that Serb forces used systematic rape as a weapon to realise their ethnic cleansing policy in Bosnia. But, despite this, Major persisted in doing the wrong thing by sending a personal appeal to Clinton asking him not to implement his declared policy in defence of human rights and humanitarian law in Bosnia. Such cold-blooded posture by Britain is rewarded by Gulf states with a four billion dollar deal, and this we cannot understand. The least that Arabs and Muslims should have expected is that such a big arms deal would be made conditional on Britain changing its policy towards the Bosnian Muslims by showing more sensitivity to their plight. The Arab and Muslim worlds should embark on a more candid policy towards all those countries that have aided and abetted the Serbian atrocities by allowing shipments of oil, food and medicines, not to mention armament and amunition. By boycotting such governments, or at least withholding from helping them economically, the oil-rich Gulf countries can at least add credibility to their policies. It is a credibility that they badly need to regain in order to recuperate from the losses and wounds of the Guif war.

### ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

WE DO not believe that the differences between Baghdad and Tehran revolve around financial matters and that normalisation of bilateral relations hings on Iraq paying compensation to Iran, said Al Ra'i Arab daily Tuesday. Statements attributed to the Iranian president that Baghdad should pay compensation before normalisation of relations can start can not be true, the paper said. But what is true and certain is that Iran is the next target of aggression by the Western coalition whether it sided with Iraq or not and whether Tehran ended the sanctions against Iraq or remained faithful to the coalition's conspiracy, the paper said. Tehran is wrong to believe that a weak Iraq is in Iran's interest because the Western coulition is directing its aggression on Islam and aiming to pillage the Islamic Nation's oil wealth at any price and therefore a weak Iraq means a weak Arab and Islamic Nation, the paper pointed out. It said that if the differences between Iran and Iraq are over financial matters, they can easily be solved, but it would make us continually sad should the differences will end and that Iran will bring the current blockade on Iraq to an end before the Western coalition directs its aggression on Tehran and the rest of the Islamic nations.

SAWT AL SHAAB daily discussed the summit meeting between King Hussein and Palestine President Yasser Arafat, expressing hope that it would open the way for a wider scale summit grouping the other Arab leaders. The two leaders had consultations about the developments in the region, the peace process and the deported Palestinians - all topics of concern to the Arab masses and governments, said the daily. With his vast experience in Middle East affairs, the King can spearhead efforts towards healing the first among the Arab leaders, should the climate be favourable for his moves, and no doubt the Palestine president can help in this process, the paper pointed out. Indeed, the King's past efforts and mediation bids among the Arab leaders have vielded good results, and any efforts in this direction now will be a welcome move to the Arab masses, the paper added. The paper said that there is no doubt that Palestinian-Jordanian political coordination is firm and continuing, and expressed that the summat, held in Amman, a buld open the way wide for the other Arab leaders to convene a summit and again bring about solidarity among their countries.

Economic Forum

# Gold is invited back

I was fascinated by an article published in the "Wall Street Journal Europe" (Jan. 5, 1993) under the title "The Curse of Being a Reserve Currency" and written by Lewis E. Lehrman and John Mueller. I thought I should acquaint the readers of this column with its theme.

A reserve currency is one which is widely and freely accepted for the settlement of international payments and is therefore held by central banks as part of their foreign exchange reserves to effect these payments. The U.S. dollar is the outstanding example of a major reserve currency; the pound sterling played a similar role in the past and the Deutsch mark is assuming the role of a regional reserve currency in Europe.

Because the reserve currency, say the U.S. dollar, is used to finance international trade (of goods and services), the dollar holdings of foreign central banks must increase at a rate not less than that of the expansion of that trade if dollar shortage is not to develop and hamper international trade and thereby world

The only way to increase international liquidity through acquiring more dollars by the rest of the world is for the reserve

currency country (U.S. in this example) to purchase more wealth abroad than it sells, i.e. run balance of payment deficits. This demand for wealth without a matching supply causes inflation.

Any country, other than the reserve currency country, would be forced to correct its balance of payment imbalances or else lose all its international reserves. But the reserve currency country's loss of reserves takes the form of IOUs to foreign central banks, so its net reserves can be negative without any absolute limit. The inflationary pressure is therefore unchecked and spreads to other countries. The reserve currency country may, eventually, apply monetary brakes, in which case it sparks alarming deflation which similarly spreads to other countries. But it most probably resorts to large devaluations, as Britain did in 1931, 1949 and 1967, and the U.S. did in the 1970s and 1980s.

Then the authors set out to beautifully explain the currency crisis which hit Europe last September (Black Wednesday). The Deutsch mark is being osed as the reserve currency of Europe; foreign central banks held about 200 billion marks (\$125 billion) at the end of 1991. As the dollar reserve role created inflation in the U.S. the same role of the mark seeded inflation in Germany.

Inflation in Germany is higher than in the U.S., not because of German unification but because unification has been partly financed through the reserve currency status of the mark.

financed through the reserve currency status of the mark.

The Bundesbank had tried to curb inflation that built up for years and the adjustment was dramatic. Between the end of 1991 and Sept. 1992 (month of the European monetary crisis) the net reserves of the Bundesbank grew by a staggering \$60 billion, which necessarily mirrored identical net reserve losses — and balance of payment deficits of other (European) countries. This put impossible strains on the European exchange rate mechanism. The pound sterling was a direct victim.

The article ends up with a grand conclusion. To end the curses of reserve currency systems, there has to be an international currency which satisfies an essential condition. Such money must be one country's asset without being another country's liability. The only money which meets this condition is gold. They call for establishing a modern international gold standard based on ending reserve currencies and ending monetisation of government debt (i.e., purchasing the public debt of a country by its central bank).

# The United Nations' colours won't always be available

By Brian Beedham

LONDON — Many people have come to assume that if there is something awkward to be done in the world, it can be done by slipping one's hand into the comforting palm of the United Nations. The United Nations will agree on what needs to be done, and one can go ahead and do it with the United Nations' blesting.

sing.

The row over the bombing of Iraq shows that it is not so. The United Nations' past few years of apparent unity have been a happy accident, which will not endure. The democracies need to work out what they will do when they can no longer slip a hand into the U.N. palm.

This particular argument about fraq was not fatal. The doubts expressed by Russia and France were throat-clearings, not outright denunciations; and their doubts were anyway about the methods used, not about the desirability of keeping Saddam Hussein under control. Snill, here was a warning of things to come.

Before long, the democracies are going to want to do something they think important for the well-being of the world, only to find that they do not command the necessary majority of the Security Council, including the consent of all five veto-wielding powers.

It could happen over Bosnia. ("Russia says no to further action against Serbs.") It could happen in the next clash with Saddam Hussein. ("China backs Arab protesters".) It could happen over another Somalia, because the inconvenient fact is that only western armies can currently mount a rescue operation like the one in Somalia. ("West accused of new colonialism".) It will happen somewhere. It is inconceivable that the cosy United Nations of the first post-cold war years, that happy accident, will survive.

For a moment, when communism collapsed, people thought the world was one again. It was not. New divisions are appearing, and old ones are reasonable.

old ones are reappearing.

Some are divisions of blood and loyality. (Russians are reluctant to join the condemnation of Serbia because the Serbs are fellow Slavs and old allies). Some are new divisions of ideology. (Fundamentalist Islam dislikes the West because it thinks that

the West has bad ideas). Some divisions are straight power contests. (China wants to be a power in its own right, with its own team of allies. So does Europe say

some Europeans).

These reemerging fault lines will surely break up the consensus of the past few years. The old communist-pluralist fault line has gone, but others — of race, religion, ambition, all the things that tend to divide the world into Us and Them — are still there. The

first tremors have been felt under

our feet these past weeks.

No fiddling with U.N. voting rules will stop it from happening. If you increase the number of permanent members of the Security Council, you increase the number of vetoes, and make it even likelier that something which ought to be done will not get done because somebody says "no". If you abolish the veto and make the Security Council reach its decisions by weighted majority

vote, things are little better. It will not be hard for a big power to collect enough smaller countries' votes to block the necessary ac-

tion.

The U.N. rules of the game say that a country may fight to defend itself, or to help a sworn ally, but otherwise it cannot fire a shot without the United Nations' consent. That is no comfort to future Bosnias and Somalias and Kuwaits. The consent for their rescue may be unobtainable. So

what do the would-be rescuers do

The first reaction of decent liberals, including those in the Clinton administration, is to try to keep the post-cold war consensus going as long as possible. Make a small concession to China here, give Russia a little more aid there, flatter France a touch, and all may yet be well.

It won't be — and not only because of the cracking noise coming from those fault lines.

The concession made to China would probably have to be another closing of eyes to some human rights violation, which does not come easily to decent liberals. More money for Russia is economically useless until Russia gets its economy reorganised, and pouring money down drains does not come easily to money strapped recession sufferers.

Of course, it is best to have the United Nations' blessing whenever it is available. It means that when you send your soldiers into a fight to remedy some fearful injustice, they will not have to fight anybody but the injustice-perpetrator himself.

Whenever it is possible, it is right to work through the United Nations — but it will not always be possible. A small country will get invaded by a bigger one, and because the invader comes from the wrong side of one of those fault lines it will be impossible to get the Security Council to order his removal. A famine will break out somewhere in Africa or Asia and it will not be possible to agree whose soldiers should convoy the food past the looters to the starying

ing.

It will then be necessary to take a deep breath, and make a hard decision. The end of the cold war, those two or three fleeting years: ago, was a suppendous opportunity. It opened up new possibilities of protecting the weak, feeding the hungry, sowing the seeds of tolerant politics and efficient economics. It still does. But those who wish to use the opportunity are on notice. It will sometimes be no good going to the United Nations. They may have to do it

themselves, or see it left undone. This is today's real question about the United Nations. There is much grumbling about its bureaucracy, its sluggishness, its occasional corruption. The bigger problem is that it may soon lose the brief cohesion that sent it into Kuwait and Bosnia and Somalia. It may no longer be able to act

decisively and consistently.

And then, to the question of what to do when the United Nations is unusable, those who do not wish to abandon the world to its fate will sometimes have to reply: Very well, we will do it alone — International Herald Tribune.

# Shaky start suggests problems for Clinton

By Gene Gibbons

Reuter
WASHINGTON — Bill Clinton's shaky start in the first days of his presidency is raising questions about how he will fare when he tacktes the major issues of the economy and health care reform.

He had to withdraw his

nominee for altorney-general, Zoe Baird, who had broken the law by employing illegal immigrants to work in her home, after less than 48 hours in the White

No sooner had the dust settled from that employ expent when a row hroke out over Mr. Clinton's plan to end a ban on homosexuals in the armed forces.

Senate Armed Services Committee Chairman Sam Nunn and the nation's military leaders opposed the proposal and again the president was forced to give ground.

To avert a potentially damaging showdown with Congress, he agreed to a six-month review of the issue in exchange for an agreement by the military to stop asking recruits about their sexual orientation.

"The compromise is not everything I would have hoped for, or everything that I have stood for, but it is plainly a substantial step in the right direction." Mr. Clinton told a news conference Fn-

It was a baptism of tire as an new commander-in-chief but

probably tame by comparison with the criticism he will face when he addresses the country's complex economic and health

care problems.

Mr. Clinton plans to unveil his economic reconstruction programme in his first state of the union speech to Congress on February 17. A task force headed by his wife. Hillary, is to complete a health care reform package by early May.

These initiatives are crucial to the success of Mr. Clinton's presidency, and political analysts say the country's norm has nearened his political standing even before he address

ses these issues.
"In his first week in office, he has bashed his own image as a sure-footed politician," said Paul Stares of the Brookings Institution, a Washington think-tank.

White House spokeswoman

Dee Dee Myers disagrees.

This is not a one-week presidency. It's a four-year, and hopefully eight-year presidency," she said. "One of the things we learned during the campaign was to take the long view."

The political squals that marred Mr. Clinton's first days in office were "more distracting in terms of public debate (than they were) in terms of the president's being able to focus on things that

Ally within programme in a

build the economy and reduce the deficit will face great opposition. The same is true of health care

Experts say any economic programme that does not worsen the deficit will almost certainly call for higher taxes and cuts in popular benefits for the middle

They say controlling the country's growing health care costs probably means fundamental changes in how medical services are provided in the United States.

Some political analysts wonder

acat, given the way he backed away from confrontation in his first days as president.

If you look at his pattern as

"If you look at his pattern as governor of Arkansas, what you see is a guy who tries to pre-wire a consensus, but then when he runs into trouble, his record is to accommodale," said Bruce Buchanan, a University of Texas political expert.

Mr. Clinton's challenge is all the more daunting if the opinion polls are accurate.

One poll made public Saturday showed Mr. Clinton had a higher disapproval rating than six predecessors at the same stage of their presidencies.

The poll, conducted for Newsweek magazine, showed Mr. Clinton with a disapproval rating

# Israeli army — come out or we'll blow up the house

By Sami Aboudi Reuter

OCCUPIED GAZA — Muin Daghmash rushed his parents, wife and children out of their home when Israeli Iroops stormed into the Tuffah neighbourhood of Gaza City at dawn

and ordered them to leave.

When they returned a few hours later, the 12 members of the family stood in shock unable to recognise their house. The roof had collapsed, furniture and clothes were burnt and the walls, cracked by the force of an exploding rocket, were riddled with

The Daghmashs, like dozens of other Palestinian families in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, are suffering from a new Israeli policy that Palestinians call "wanton destruction". Soldiers call it a necessary tactic.

Since last August, Israeli soldiers have been using anti-tank weapons, including rockets and rocket-propelled grenades, to destroy houses where armed fugitives are suspected to be hiding.

"We left our house along with the rest of our neighbours, thinking they were going to conduct a search inside. It never occurred to us they were going to bomb it with rockets," said 3C-year-old Muin, sifting through charred

arrange matched the

during the house and

several neighbouring buildings said soldiers laughed as fire gutted the building.

The army, seeking to avoid casualties, says heavy weapons are necessary to fight armed Arabs waging their five-year-old revolt against Israeli occupation. It says it acts only when it has "solid information" gunmen are inside, a warning is given and all those willing to leave are evacu-

Muin and his neighbours said no fugitives were found in the 10 houses destroyed or damaged during the raid. Instead, they said the army delained his younger brother Harbi, 22, and five other residents, none previously listed

as wanted.

The army said the six were suspected of helping wanted activists.

Human rights groups say rocketing of houses has increased steadily since August when Israeli soldiers destroyed a house in Gaza City where wanted people were thought to be hiding

were thought to be hiding.

The Gaza Centre for Rights and Law has documented 18 incidents involving 56 houses in the Gaza Strip alone since August. So far in January, the army has used the method four times.

A Renter reporter saw 10 houses damaged in a single incident in the West Bank.

"In most cases there were no wanted people in the houses." said Ronny Talmor, a member of the board of directors of the Isracli Centre for Human Rights in the occupied territories, B'Tselem.

Ms. Talmor said her organisa-

tion was still awaiting an answer

from the army on whether

Palestinians and lost houses were

entitled to compensation.

The army tolo Reuters it would consider any complaint or request for compensation. But Palestinians who lost their homes have not considered filing complaints, with many convinced the army would never pay.

Palestinians see the use of rockets on houses as another of the hersh measures they believe Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin introduced after taking office inguly last year. He is also defence minister.

minister.

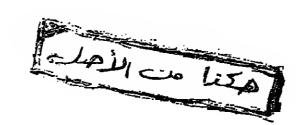
Raji Sourani of the Centre for Rights and Law called the method "purely Mr. Rabin's invention". Chief Palestinian negotiator to Middle East peace talks Haidar Abdul Shafi termed the

Palestinians accuse Mr. Rabin of giving the army a free hand, leading to a sharp rise in killings, the December exoulsion of 415 Palestinians to Lebanon and the

rocketing of homes.

Ms. Talmor, who is compiling a B Tselem report on destruction of homes, said: "The conclusion. I believe, is going to be that they use this hursh method without.

I believe, is going to be that they use this harsh method without any results and crusing enormous.



### Palestinians reject Rabin deal

(Continued from page 1) operative meaning against Israel in any international forum," Mr. Rabin said, referring indirectly to the threat of U.N. sanctions.

At the United Nations, U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher said the steps announced by Israel made further action by the Security Council unnecessary.

He told a news conference in New York Israel would permit a significant number of the deportees to return to either Israel or to the occupied territories within the next several days."

Israel would also reduce the terms of all the other evictees, which meant all would be able to return before the end of 1993. Israel would also maintaio an appeals and review process for the evictees which meant some might be returned even before

the end of the year.

The delivery of humanitarian assistance would also be assured to the evictees "where they are at the present time.

The United States believes that this process which is being announced by Israel today is consistent with United Nations Re-solution 799 on the deportees." he added, referring to a council resolution adopted on Dec. 18 demanding the immediate return of all the expelled Palestinians.

"As a consequence of the steps that Israel will take, we believe that further action by the Security Council is unnecessary and could even undercut the process which is already under way," Mr.

The United States would consult further on the issue with Secretary-General Boutros Ghali, "but I repeat that we believe that further steps bere in the Security Council are unnecessary and that taking of further steps might undercut the process which is under and which we think is

very important."
The United States believed it was time to look ahead and concentrate on reinvigorating the Arab-Israel process, he added, In Marj Al Zohour, Lebanon,

the Palestinian evictees snubbed Mr. Rabin's offer to take back 100 of them and insisted all must now be allowed home.

"Let he who rejects the American-Israeli deal raise his hand," Abdul Aziz Al Rantisi, leader of the 396 men, told the men at prayers at their snow-covered camp in Sonth Lebanon. All raised their hands.

"Let he who agrees to this deal now raise his hand," Dr. Rantisi said: None of the evictees moved. "God take our revenge on

those who suppressed us. God take our revenge on those wbo expelled us. God punish Rabin," prayed the men as they knelt on a muddy road in biting cold.

Israel expelled the Palestinians

on Dec. 17 alleging they were Muslim militants. Lebanon refused to accept them, leaving them stranded between Israeli and Lebanese lines.

Palestinian peace negotiators and the Palestine Liberation Organisation also spurned the Israeli offer and insisted the U.N. Security Council force Israel to take all back in line with Resolution 799.

But with U.S. assurances that no further U.N. action was necessary, Israel said it was the evictees' problem if they spurned the

Dr. Rantisi did so. "This initiative is categorically rejected," he said, dismissing it as ao Israeli manoeuvre and American-Israeli conspiracy.'

The return of 100 would admit the legality of the expulsion of the rest and open the door for the expulsion of thousands of Palestinians from the occupied territories, he said.

Last night I toured every single tent in the camp and everyone agrees that they should all go back or stay here. Dr. Rantisi also rejected the

offer of aid. We stand firm on our position

and we consider that the only solution is the full implementation of 799," he added. Fourteen evictees were re-

turned by helicopter after Israel said they were expelled in error. Five more were takeo to hospital in Israel's South Lebanon "security zone. Dr. Rantisi said evictees were

still willing for sick among them to be evacuated by the Red Cross to Israeli bospitals. Lebanese Foreign Minister Faris Bouez said that what be described as "these American

efforts" for a compromise were a positive start.

But Washington and the inter-

national community must do more to solve the problem in line with Resolution 799, he said. "Talk about the immediate return or part of the deportees is a start towards implementing resolution 799 on condition that it will be completed for the other deportees," he told reporters.

"If there is no solution it will reflect negatively on the (Arab-Israeli) peace talks," he said. In Tunis, the PLO rejected Israel's offer.

'The PLO rejects such a deal and nobody has the right to deal on matters related to the fate of Palestinian citizens ... behind the back of the Security Council," PLO Executive Committee member Yasser Abed Rabbo told-

Hanan Ashrawi, spokeswoman for the Palestinian delegation to peace talks, demanded the implementation of Resolution 799. She said Israel's move was "a

way of circumventing 799, and it does not address the whole issue of the illegality of expulsion." "If this is a deal with the United States it is obviously in

violation of its own vote at the United Nations," she said. In Cairo, Nabil Sbaath, political adviser to PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat said: "We refuse to

solution is that to take 100 and leave 300 behind? .... anything

short of their full return does not solve the problem," Dr. Shaath

This solution solves nothing.

How come the Americans say

accept this solution... we want all

the (expellees) to be returned."

this is a solution? What kind of a

In fact, it only reduces the enormity of the problem from cutting the number of (expellees) from 400 to 300. But the problem is still enormous."

He said if diplomacy failed to return all the expellees, the PLO would press for U.N. sanctions against Israel.

Egypt, which bas been involved in intensive contacts to solve the crisis threatening to kill the 15-month-old peace talks, was restrained io its reaction.

"We hope that the remaining (evictees) will return as soon as possible and that Israel's deportation policy will end completely, Foreign Minister Amr Mousa

told reporters "This decision is a beginning by Israel to give the Geneva convention, which forbids expulsions, its

due respect." We are pursuing our contacts with the Israeli government to guarantee the return of the remaining deportees as soon as possible," said Mr. Musa.

Arab League Secretary-General Esmat Abdul Meguid demanded the Security Council fully implement Resolution 799.

"Israel bears the full responsibility for the unjust deportation decision which forms a stumbling block in the current peace pro-cess," Dr. Abdul Meguid told reporters.



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Drawing of Feb. 2, 1993

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en consolation prizes totalling JD 4,000 each wins JD 460 54651 54660 54750 55650 64650 54659 54640 54550 53650 44650

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venty consolation prizes totalling 10 2,000 each wins JD 100 84373 84382 84472 85372 04372 84371 84362 84272 83372 74372

65405 65414 65504 66404 75404 65403 65494 65304 64404 55404

wenty consolation prizes lotalling JD 1,400 each wins JD 70 14514 14523 14613 15513 24513 14512 14503 14413 13513 04513

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wenty consolation prizes totalling JD 600 each wins JD 18589 18598 18688 19588 28588 18587 18578 18488 17588 08588

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# Saddam, Arafat meet in Baghdad

(Continued from page 1)

less willing then to deal with President Saddam. Mr. Arafat, whose constituency is the focus of Arab-Israeli

peace talks, still holds political weight despite the cost of bis backing for Iraq after its invasion of Kuwait.
The PLO lost its major Arab financial backers while hundreds

of thousands of Palestinians were expelled from Kuwait and other Gulf states.

PLO Executive Committee member Mahmoud Abbas, mak-

ing the first visit last month to Riyadh by a PLO leader since the Gulf war, apologised for his orga-nisation's backing of Baghdad against the Saudi-based alliance.

The statement sparked widespread anger among many ordin-ary Palestinians who idolise President Saddam for his Gulf war attacks on Israel. The PLO later said Mr. Abbas was expressing a

personal view. Iraq bas been trying hard to ease its isolation in the Arab and Western world partly as a way to break the grip of a sweeping U.N. trade embargo.

# Government trying to minimise damage

(Continued from page 1)

males and females will have separate timings," said a spokesman for the centre.

"However, some of our clients do participate in various activities together," said the spokesman, who insisted on anonymity. We haven't had any problems

of complaints in the last four years," he said. "If the people are happy and not complaining, why should anyone else tell them how to conduct themselves socialty?" The law is reminiscent of an aborted Ministry of Education rule that fathers could not watch their daughters taking part in sport acti-

vities and the segregation of male and female staff at the Ministry of Social Affairs in the first half of 1991, both decreed by Muslim Brotherhood ministers at the time. The argument behind fathersstay-away-from daughter's-sports rule, which drew an uproar in the society, was that other girls would

also be taking part in sports events wearing athletes' shorts. The new draft law has also drawn fierce attack from many Jordanian girls whom the legisla-tion ostensibly seeks to "protect." "We don't need that kind of protection," said Yola, a 27-yearold business executive, describing

the law as "ridiculous. "We have been used to mixing freely with men and not feet embarassed about it," she said. "It is presumptuous on the part of our parliamentarians to think they

could impose things on us."
Thujan Faisal, a leading women's rights activist, described the law as "a blatant violation of personal freedom and privacy." "I am most surprised that the House endorsed such a provision." said Ms. Faisal. "It is an inlringement on individual's rights and the freedom of choice, and parliament has no business to get into such

"I am disgusted," said Maha Shaer, a journalist. "It is a dumb and stupid move on the part of our elected representatives who have much more important issues to

Observers believe that the law

could also be harmful to Jordan on

the external scene at a time when the Kingdom is earnestly pursuing efforts to attract foreign invest-"The law in itself is not a big deal, but the implications of discri-minating between the sexes in an atmosphere where societies are opening up and being conducive to tolerance of all ways of life are not

very good for Jordan," said an observer. "The entire philosophy of segregating sexes is not under-stood outside the Islamic world." At least one ambassador is known to have approached the one minister this week seeking clarifications about the new law and asserting that it bears all hallmarks

By and large the diplomatic community is "bernused and saddened" over the draft law, said an observer; "bemused since it is such a silly law which might deny some people the 'pleasure' of watching scantily-clad women at swimming pools, and saddened because the Jordanian society is known for its tolerance and it is unbecoming of it to adopt and enlorce such a law.

"Let us hope that the Upper House would act and preempt the imposition of ways of life on socie-



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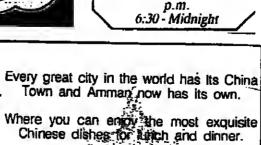
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### SPORTS NEWS IN BRIEF

### **JBF seeks** to resolve latest controversy

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordan Basketball Federation (JBF) has lately formed two committees in a bid to resolve the latest controversy which hit the First Division Basketball Championship in the final Ahli-Orthodoxi match last Tuesday. An investigative committee will look into motch mismanagement on the part of the referees, while another will approach both clubs to try to find an acceptable solution that will serve the best interest of the game. Meanwhile, Al Ahli's board has appealed to the Ministry of Youth and is awaiting a reply, while JBF Referee Committee member Hisham Natsheh has submitted his resignation.

### Unseeded Cunha E. Silva stuns Sanchez

DUBAI (AP) — Unseeded Joao Cunha E. Silva of Portugal stunned fifth seed Emilio Sanchez of Spain in the first round the inaugural \$1 million Dubai Duty Free/BMW Tennis Open with a 6-3, 4-6, 6-4 victory. Third-seeded Karel Novacek of the Czech Republic however had no problems in beating compatriot Daniel Vacek in straight sets 6-0, 7-5. The other winners were sixth seed Andrei Cherkasov of Russia, Claudio Mezzadri of Switzerland. Germany's Karsteo Braasch, Jeremy Bates of England and Swedes Lars Wahlgren and Lars Jonsson. Bates, a late entry to the tournament, knocked out the dangerous Christian Bergstrom of Sweden 7-6, 6-1 and now meets Cunha E. Silva in the second

### Germans may look for compromise in Strauss row

BONN (R) — German swimming chiefs have decided against taking immediate legal action against the sport's ruling body in their dispute over former world champion Astrid Strauss, who blames a positive drugs test on a heavy drinking session. In a vorded letter last month the German Swimming Federation (DSV) had threatened to sue the International Swimming Federation (FINA) if it did not go back on its decision to increase a ban on Strauss to 18 months following a positive test for steroids. DSV president Klaus Henter said: "Perhaps there will be a possibility of coming to an agreement with FINA at the World Cup meeting in Gelsenkirchen (in Germany in mid-February). We did not make a decision today."

### **Kendali snaps up Sansom for Everton**

LONDON (R) - Everton manager Howard Kendall signed former England left-hack Kenny Sansom on a free transfer Tuesday 24 hours after selling defender Martin Keown to Arsenal for two million pounds (\$2.92 million). Sansom, 34, who played nearly 400 games for Arsenal and won 86 England caps, has been released by Coventry after 23 appearances this season.

# NBA STANDINGS

### EASTERN CONFERENCE Atlantic Division

L

PCT.

New York New Jersey Boston Orlando Philadelphia Miami Washington	25 25 22 19 17 13 12	15 19 21 19 24 27 29	.625 .568 .512 .500 .415 .325 .293	2 4 1-2 5 8 1-2 12 13 1-2
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Chicago Cleveland Charlotte Indiana Atlanta Detroit Milwankee	29 25 21 22 21 19 18	15 18 20 21 21 23 24	.659 .581 .512 .512 .500 .452 .429	3 1-2 6 1-2 6 1-2 7 9 10
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	Midwest			
San Antonio Utah Houstun Denver Minnesota Dallas	26 27 24 15 8 3	14 15 18 26 30 37	.650 .643 .571 .366 .211 .075	 3 11 1-2 17 23
	Pacific D	ivisi	on	
Phoenix Portland Scattle L.A. Clippers L.A. Lakers Golden State Sacramentn	31 28 28 22 22 22 20 16	8 12 13 20 20 23 26	.795 .700 .683 .524 .524 .465	3 1-2 4 10 1-2 10 1-2 13 16 1-2

### **GOREN BRIDGE**

South you hold: 49762 VK9763 .5 4Q83 Partner opens the bidding with one

no trump. What do you respond?

A.—It is tempting to bid two clubs. probing for a four-card major with the openiog bidder. The trouble is

that, if opener denies a major by bidding two diamonds, two hearts by you is invitational and you cer-

tainly don't want partner to act again. Bid two hearts or, if you play

Q.5—As South, vulnerable, you

**±QJ83** ∀AKJ1054 ≎A62 **±**Void

Partner opens the bidding with one

spade. What do you respond? A.—Does partner have the right cards for a grand slam? We doubt

that even the most ardent scientist

would be able to find out. However, we certainly want to be in one

king of spades. To find out, use the Grand Slam Force. Bio five no

trump, asking partner to bid seven spades bolding two of the three top

Q.6-Neither vulnerable, as South

9A6542 : QJ9763 √Void 465

where North-South are cold for

slam opposite a mioimum opening

many more where North will have

too many values in diamonda to make anything above game safe.

Therefure, we would jump to four

cao construct hands

The bidding has proceeded: North East South West

Pass I 7

I ♦ Pass What do you bid now?

ould partner bold the acc and

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ Q.4-East-West vulnerable, as

Q.1-Both vulnerable, as South 900 hold: **4AJ98763** ♥106 ♦85 **4**K8 The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 Pass 1 Pass
2 NT Pass 7

What do you bid oow?

A.—You know where you want to play, but not at what level. A bid of rt spades would show no interest in slam and that's the action you would take without the king of clubs. With so many distributional assets, this hand is too strong to sign off. Bid three spades, intending to correct to four if partner perse-veres with no trump.

Q.2-East-West vulnerable, as South you bold:

4Q85 ♥107632 ♦A5 **4J**94 Partner opens the bidding with one no trump. What action do you take? -Had our hand been more unbalanced or our hearts better, we would take out into our five-card wit. But with this balanced holding and an honor in each of our short the contract. Pass.

Q.3-North-South valuerable, as **4K ₹A102 ≬AR10752 ♣J98** 

The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
1 0 Pass 1 NT Pass

A,-Make the king of spades the rucen of diamonds, and we would ump rebid three diamonds even ough the hand is a point weaker. measure up for a jump rebid, would simply rebid two

Footballer of the Year ESTORIL, Portugal (R) — AC Milan striker Marco Van Basteo was voted 1992 World Footballer

of the Year Monday. The 29-year-old Dutchman. who was named European Player of the Year in 1988, 1989 and 1992, beat Bulgarian Hristo Stoichkov into second place. Germany's Thomas Haessier took third place in a vote by 70.

**Party Politics** 

struggling to

defend crown LONDON (R) — Out-of-form

Aintree success April 3.

Grand National hero Party Poli-

tics is a 33-1 chance to repeat his

The horse has flopped in his

two starts this season and when

the weights for this year's race



Lothar Mathaeus won the award in 1991 after leading Germany to victory in the World

Van Basten made it clear he planned to stay with AC Milan for the remainder of his playing сагеег.

"I have been with Milan for six years. In two or three weeks I am oing to sign a new contract with Allan for a further three years. "Perhaps after that it will be time to end my career."

Commenting on the award, the Dutchman said: "It wasn't exactly a surprise for me. There were



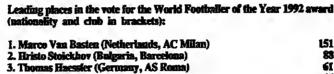
Dennis Bergkamp

Van Basten named World

three top players so I had a 33 per cent chance

"I am very pleased and proud to be chosen by a jury of managers who know a lot about foot-ball," be added. Van Basteo said he expected to

be playing again for AC Milan



4. Jean-Pierre Papin (France, AC Milan) 5. (Equal) Brian Landrup (Denmark, Fiorentina) 5. (Equal) Peter Schmeichel (Denmark, Manchester Uni

6. Dennis Bergkamp (Netherlands, Ajax) 7. Frank Rijkaard (Netherlands, AC Milan)

# Agassi wins 1993 debut; Borg falls in three sets

SAN FRANCISCO (R) — Top-seeded Andre Agassi of the U.S. defeated countryman Jonathan Stark 6-2 7-6 (9-7) in his 1993 debut in first round matches at the \$300,000 Volvo Tennis of San Francisco tournament.

Saceanu 3-6 6-3 6-3 io other first

Agassi, the defending Wimble-

the year's first Grand Slam, the

Australian Open, dne to bronchi-

tis. He accepted a late wild card

entry here because he was unable

pounded his powerful ground-strokes at the 76th-ranked Stark

in an easy first set but was pushed

to a second set tiebreak before

fourth match point. Despite his victory, Agassi said that he was

tournament match of the year.

"I wasn't hitting the ball as well

to play in Australia.

were published Tuesday he did Bjorn Borg of Sweden won his not look too well treated. first set in a tour event after being off the circuit for nearly 10 years, Party Politics will have to carry but fell short of a victory. 70.8 kg, the fourth highest weight

Borg, who won five consecukg more than last year. tive Wimbledons from 1976-1980 Other horses looked better at hnt is 0-10 in singles matches the weights and bookmakers quickly camed last year's runner since returning to the ATP Tour in 1991, was beaten by thirdup Romany King at 14-1, quoting the rest at od s of 20-1 and seeded Jaime Oncins of Brazil 6-4 "Party politics' form has been tournament. Eighth-seeded Marcos Ondrus-

abysmal," trainer Nick Gaselee Palmer of the U.S. 6-1 6-4, and "He has run two races and has Patrick McEnroe of the U.S. rallied past Germany's Christian

been pulled up in both. Obviously I am having problems with He broke a little blood vessel Saturday and with his wind problem be couldn't go on rthe heavy ground. 'I am sure be will be there (at Aintree) on the day and if the

said Tuesday.

ground is good he will give a good account of himself. But we have it all to do now." Last year's Gold Cup winner Cool Ground tops the handicap

on 74.4 Kg, sharing top weight with Czech horse Quirinus, the former Paruhice winner being prepared for the race by Kevin Morgan.

Another overseas challenger Von Csadek, trained in the United States, is given 64.9 kg.



Andre Agassi

6-7 (7-9) 6-4 in the first round as I wanted to," Agassi said. "My match at the 32-player, indoor returns could be a little sharper, but I'm not worried.'

Borg, 776 in the world, won his ka of Brazil eliminated Jared first set in a tour match since March of 1983 in a closely contested, 16-point tiebreak by hitting his patented two-fisted backhand for numerous winners, hart set to lose the match to the 46th-ranked Oncios.

don champion, had pulled out of Borg, who won several senior events and exhibition matches last year, was admittedly pleased to win a set that counted and said that his progress gives him hope Agassi, ninth in the world, that he will have success in future

tour events. "I showed myself that I can play good tennis in a tour match." The 36-year-old Borg The 36-year-old Borg closing out the match on his said. "It was the first time in a regular tournament that I have victory, Agassi said that he was not fully satisfied with his first nice to have the feeling that you can play good tennis because last year I didn't."

### Navratilova survives challenge

within a month following surgery

month I will be ready to return,

"I think within two weeks or a

for an ankle injury.

he said.

YOKOHAMA (R) - Thirdseeded Martina Navratilova made heavy weather of disposing of sprightly qualifier Al Sugiyama of Japan in the first round of the \$750,000 Toray Pan Pacific Open

Navratilova, 36, took 113 minntes to beat the 17-year-old Tokyo high-school girl 6-3 3-6

Serving and returning well. Sugiyama produced an array of daring passing shots, lobs and

But she was oltimately outclassed by Navratilova's sheer athle-

ticism and provess at the net. Navratilova, playing in her first tournament since losing in the finals to Monica Seles at the New York Virginia Slims tournament in November, said: "I would have round, but I am pleased I'm through.'

She added: "I'd never heard of her before or knew what she looked like. Looking at the size of her I was surprised she could hit the ball so hard." The Japanese said: "I was very

nervous at the beginning as it was my first match against a top player and my hero at that. I had absolutely nothing to lose so just kept challenging more and

Steffi Graf and Gabriela Sabatini, the number one and two seeds, play their first-round matches Wednesday.

### HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 3, 1993

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation is the day to rummage through that well-packed attic to noburden yourself of goods no longer useful. It's also fortunate for the recovery of lost or misplaced items. Follow

ARIES: (March 2t to April 19) You feel you cannot get your attachment today to go along with a plan of action that means much to you; tonight avoid going to new

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Keep away from an outside companion who is as determined to have own way in a conflicting matter as much as yourself and keep promises made.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You do not see how to schedule your work load so it is done in a satisfactory manner so don't attempt to do so today, tonight protect your health. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) Don't try to engage your-self in the various entertainments and recreations usually attended upon today, tonight avoid extrava-

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Mat-ters at your residence can be tense if you try to apply any pressure to get members of your own clan to follow through with your strong

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Seeking information from ex-perts today would merely find

GENERAL TENDENCIES: This them considering you a snooper so put it off until a more favourable

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Don't get involved in financial transactions today or you could-make an error commit yourself

where it would later prove costly to SCORPIO: (October 23 to Nover ber 21) You feel you have a right to have some personal outlets thatappeal to you and you do but this is.

not the day to go after them with SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Intimate annoyances can cause you to lash out at one you love who is blameless in the situation so maintain your temper; tonight romance is

not up to par. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Take some time out now to show acquaintances that you are aware of their needs and will quietly do what you can to adthem in obtaining them.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to Febru ary 19) Keep out of the public spottight during the day and spend, your time at self-improvements while tonight a personal wish is

difficult to obtain. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Think what you can do to keep from going off on some jaunt that may seem to be necessary but it would not end as you have antici-

# THE BETTER HALF, By Harris

"I asked the florist for something unusual. She gave me a bouquet of gerbils!"

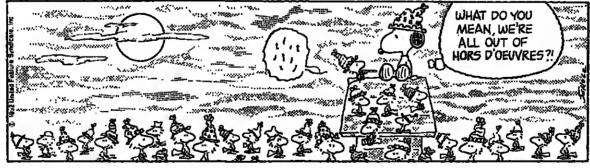


Jumbles: BALKY RIVET CALICO LEDGER

LON

Answer: How the seasick pas voyage—BY RAIL

# Peanuts

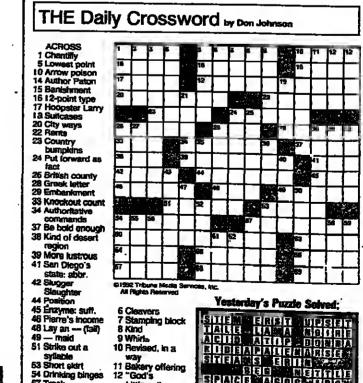


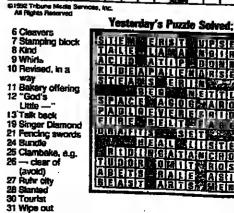
# Andy Capp



# Mutt<sup>c</sup>n'Jeff







69 First name mysteries 31 Wipe out DOWN 1 Testing places 2 Came down 3 Foolish behavior 36 Dry, as wine 40 Partien

57 Track customers

60 Tour movie 63 "What's — for

65 Pass a law 66 Bank (on) 67 Letters

47 Robert -50 Complete 52 Key 53 Has a session 54 Agitated state 55 Implore

56 Bluster 57 Dollar 58 Streaml

هكنا من الأجل



# Dutch truck maker DAF seeks protection from creditors

Loss-making Dutch truck maker DAF said Tuesday it had filed for protection from creditors at the district court of Den Bosch. . It said it could no longer postpone the move as it had not been able to reach agreement with banks and the Dutch and Belgian governments on short-and-long-

term finance. Last week DAF N.V., which has run up losses of at least 800 million guilders (\$440 million) in the last three years, said some banks had held up an accord on restructuring and refinancing as they wanted more analysis of its

On Monday it said the subsequent withholding of short-term finance had meant it was unable to meet its bills. It set an ultimaturn to its banks, which expired at 1600 GMT on Monday.

"In the course of the evening it bank consortium was not prepared to meet this ultimatum.

Under these circumstances the management board did not consider it responsible to postpone an application for protection from creditors any longer," it

when a listed company is granted

protection from creditors the court appoints an administrator to run the company and the company's sbares are relegated to the unofficial section of the Amsterdam Bourse

The Amsterdam Bourse earlier emerged that a minority of the said DAF shares had been suspended pending an announce-

Mercedes-Benz A.G., the automotive operation of top German industrial group Daimler-Benz A.G., said Tuesday that it was not interested in taking a stake in DAF, although it was in Under Dutch corporate law, talks with DAF on possible coop-

# India approves 8 new oil refineries

NEW DELHI (R) — ladia has thrown open its protected oil refining sector to foreign investment, approving eight new re-fineries of which seven will be seeking joint venture partners. petroleum ministry officials have

The eight refineries would in-crease India's annual refining capacity by the turn of the century to 100 million tonnes, almost double the present capability, 7 7 they said.

State-owned Indian Oil Corporation would open two of the refineries, one of which would be set up with foreign collaboration, a senior ministry official told Reuters.

Two other state firms would commission one joint venture re-finery each and four would be in the private sector, he said. Partners for the Indian oil joint venture and for refineries run by

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THE BOOSAN ENHANT BANK
ARAB JORDAN INVESTMENT BANK
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CONDAN SURPLY CO. FOR AGRI. & FOOD PROD-

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TORDAM GLASS IMPOSTRIES

ARAH INVESTMENT 6 INCRN ARAH ALUMINIUM IMPUSTRI

LIVESTOCK & POULTRY CHMERAL INVESTMENT JORDAN MEDICAL CORPO

One U.S. dollar

One sterling

One ounce of gold

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET

HOOSING BANK CENTER ANDUM - SUMMISANT .
THISPHORE: 660170 / 663170
MARKET SHARE PRICE LIST FOR TUSEDAY 02/02/1

state-owned Bharat Petroleum Corporation and Hindustan Petroleum Corporation were being selected, the official said.

The state undertakings would hold 26 per cent of equity in the three joint venture projects, he

The official said the government had also granted approval for four privately-owned refiner-ies to the Hinduja Group, Reliance Industries Limited, International Petroleum S.A. of Switzerland and Essar Gujarat.. The Swiss firm is owned by an expatriate Indian, the official

The fonr private refineries would be entirely exportorieoted, and they would be allowed to seek foreign partners.

be said. The Royal Dutch/Shell Group, which pulled out its one-third

TRADING PREV. OPENING CLOSING VOLUME CLOSING PRICE PRICE JD PRICE

| Fig. |

11.350 3.390 12.750 1.130 2.250 0.700 1.070 4.020 3.050 14.000 0.670 9.140 4.770 2.140

11.350 3.390 12.650 1.110 2.250 0.700 1.070 4.020 3.000 14.000 0.670 9.150 4.780 2.120

5.710

1100 814

**Dentschemarks** 

**Dutch** guilders

Swiss francs

Belgian francs

French francs

Japanese yen

Swedish crowns

Danish crowns

Norwegian crowns

Italian lire

760.560

**LONDON EXCHANGE RATES** 

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession

on the London Foreign Exeliange and bullion markets Tuesday.

1.2644/49

1.6310/20

1.8335/45

1.5102/12

5.5130/80

1508/1513

124.62/67

7.3700/3800

-6.2975/3075

6.2750/2850

\$329.30/329.70

1.4615/25

33.50/54

stake in the Indian petrochemical company National Organic Chemical Industires Ltd. last month, could tie np with Bharat Perroleum, another missistry official

A company statement said in December that Shell was lonking for other ventures in India, but gave no details.

Each of the eight refineries. would handle about six million tonnes of crude per annum, raising cil refining capacity to 100 million tonnes by the end of the decade from 51.85 million tonnes produced by 12 state-owned refineries at present, ministry offi-

Investment in each of the new refineries would be between \$1 billion and \$1.5 billion, they said. They were expected to start production by 1997 and reach full

China as

major trade

competitor

TAIPEI (R) — China has emerged as one of Taiwan's

strongest competitors in interna-

tional trade and is eroding the

island's share of major foreign

markets, the Taipei economics

China's share of the U.S. mar-

ket in basie consumer goods ex-

ceeded Taiwan's for the first time

last year and China bas also

surpassed Taiwan io Japan, the

ministry said in a study quoted by

China has already become our main competitor," Vice Econo-

mics Minister Chiang Pin-Kung

was quoted as saying. China's export boom is being

aided by a surge of Taiwanese

manufacturing investment in the

mainland since political tensions

between the rival governments be-

gan to ease in the late 1980s, the ministry noted.

Taiwanese makers of textiles,

electronics and other consumer

It said the trend was bkely to

continue in coming years and

urged Taiwanese exporters to

move into production of more

sophisticated goods in which Chi-

China raised its share of the

U.S. market to about five per

cent last year from 1.3 per cent in

1986, while Taiwan's share eased

to about 4.7 per cent from . 5.4

In Japan, China's market share

had surged to about 6.8 per cent

costs, the study said.

na could not compete.

per cent, the study said.

"In basic products, mainland

the Economic Daily News.

ministry said.

capacity three years later. Taiwan sees

bled Commodity Exchange Inc. (Comex), best known for its mer-als contracts. Officials said the merger was a result of competitive pressures that have seen U.S. markets lose sbare to overseas fotures exchanges in recent years.

While the two exchanges will combine most administrative functions to cut overhead, members of each exchange will not get any rights to trade contracts on the other exchange except for several lightly traded stock-index products.

"It's a friendly takeover," CBOT Chairman Patrick Arbor said at a news conference bere. "It's a friendly merger."

The 151-year-old CBOT has had success lately with U.S. treasnry bond futures and options, of all contracts traded on the exchange,

Comex, founded in 1933, saw its trading volume shrink by 16 per cent last year to 12.7 million contracts, compared with 150 million for the CBOT Comex had held sporadic talks

with several rival exchanges, notably the New York Mercantile Exchange headquartered nearby in New York's World Trade Cen-

The CBOT will end up owing 100 per cent of Comex equity and gooda are struggling against Chinese exporters who enjoy essentially operate the New York exchange as a subsidiary. much lower labour and land

Mr. Arbor said the merger could take six to 12 months to complete. Current plans call for keeping Comex trading in New York, although Mr. Arbor said thar decision "could be revisited" in the future if finance threats arise. The Comex had been looking for a larger trading floor.

The exchanges declined to dis-

close specific financial arrangements for the five-year agreement but said it would entail creating a trust fund for Comex earnings, currently estimated at \$5 million over the past five years while a year. Comex has no debt and Taiwan's had remained below \$18 million in cash assets, Mr. \$1g million in cash assets, Mr. Arbor said.

# EC seeks quota agreement on UAE clothing exports

ABU DHAB1 (R) — The Euro-pean Community (EC) is seeking he pointed out.

The federal m a quota agreement on imports of United Arab Emirates (UAE) clothing, a government official

Mohammad Al Muzaki, assistant under secretary for trade affairs, said the EC last week requested a deal similar to one the UAE has with the United States, which limits its clothing imports from the Gulf Arab

"As for the last meeting with the EC ...it was that the UAE products are threatening their markets. They want to make some arrangement with us like the Americans," he told Reuters.

"We believe the volume of (clothing) exports to the EC have increased ...we expect an agree-ment to be reached on a quota,"

U.S.

futures

exchanges

to combine

operations

CHICAGO (R) - In the face of

growing overseas competition,

the leading New York and Chi-

cago lutures exchanges have said

they will combine most opera-

Under a proposal that must be

approved by members of both exchanges, the Chicago Board of

Trade (CBOT), the world's

largest and oldest futures market,

will take over New York's trou-

The federal ministry now over-

sees exports of clothing only to the United States to ensure compliance with its quotas.

Each of the UAE's seven emirates grant certificates of origin to garment manufacturers for clothing exports destined for other markets, Sheikh Muzaki said.

He said if any agreement is reached with the EC the federal ministry would extend its control to exports of clothing to the Community to ensure garments are UAE-made and within the

Sunday some factories import clothes from Pakistan and India and stitch on labels saying they were manufactured in the UAE. It quoted industry sources as

The UAE daily Al Bayan said

saying the practice squeezes domestic producers who are

MANAMA (R) — Southern Pro-

vince Cement Company (SPCC) of Saudi Arabia said Tuesday it

planned to build a new 800 mil-

lion rival (\$210 million) cement

plant to belp overcome a shortage

told Reuters the huge Swiss ce-ment company Holderbank

Financiere Glarus A.G. was car-

rying out a feasibility study to set

up the plant in the Asir province

in southwestern Saudi Arabia. Construction has boomed since

the end of the Gulf war in 1991,

and demand for cement is out-

stripping supply.

The Saudi cabinet decided at a

meeting chaired by

King Fahd late Monday to lift

duties on Imported cement for six

months to keep up with the

It followed a decision earlier to

eliminate duties on imports of

clinker, a stony residue from

burnt coal which is a key ingre-

Sheikh Amer said the decision

to lift the cement duties would

not affect operations of existing

plants io the kingdom because it

would be only for a short period.

the burden of the residents and

He said there had been no ban

on imported cement but the 20 still be higher than local material.

cut prices of imported cement,"

"Instead, the move will ease

burgeoning demand.

dient of cement.

Chairman Amer Saed Bourgan

of cement in the kingdom.

Saudi cement firm

to build \$210m plant

already limiting their output. "With such an agreement with

the EC we will be able to punish any factories exporting non-UAE products ...or exceeding quotas, Sbeikh Muzaki said.

The newspaper said there were about 170 garment factories in the UAE. The ministry said 99 factories are registered and that half of all clothing exports went to the United States.

A ministry of commerce official said the UAE can export 1.6 million units, each unit containing 12 clothing items, to the United States under a three-year agreement due to expire at the end of 1993.

Clothing exports totalled \$146 million in 1990, the last year for which annual figures are available, according to the UAE Fed-eration of Chambers of Com-

per cent duties made it expensive

compared with local product,

made by the country's seven ce-

Sheikh Amer said the govern-ment's Saudi Industrial Develop-

ment Fund was expected to fi-

nance part of the cost of the

plant, to have a one-million-

us a 400 million riyal (\$107 mil-

lion) interest-free loan as it did

when we built our plant at Jizan"

He said the fund gave the

SPCC a loan for that amount in

1980 to build its first plant at

Jizan on the Red Sea, with an annual

capacity of two million tonnes,

We paid back the loan in five

Sheikb Amer said his company

"A 27,500-tonne Greek cargo

and Jordan and clinker from

ship carrying cement has just disembarked at Jeddah port.

Another vessel with the same

capacity, also carrying cement, will arrive soon from the Jorda-

Even after the 20 per cent

reduction in price on imports

because of the elimination of

duties, the imported cement will

nlan port of Aqaba," be said.

"1 expect the Saudi fund to give

tonne annual capacity.

Sheikh Amer said.

ment companies.

# bought into German petrol station chain NICOSIA (R) — Libya has bought into a German chain of 400 petrol

Libya said to have

stations, expanding its downstream holdings in Europe, the Middle East Economic Survey (MEES) has said.

The newsletter said Libya's Oil Investments International Co. (Oilinvest) had purchased the 80 per cent interest in Hamburg Eggert Mineraloelhandels (HEM) held by trading firm Marimpex.

It reported that Joerg Eggert, hem managing director and owner of the remaining 20 per cent, said around half of the 400 stations will now carry Libya's Tamoil name and markings. Future expansion will focus on eastern Germany, he added.

HEM already receives a large amount of its products from Olinvest's Holborn refinery in Hamburg, MEES said. It added that Oilinvest and HEM have issued a letter of intent to the Rotterdam-based Cebeco Handelsraad to buy the Dutch market:

ing firm O.K. Beheer, which has 125 retail petrol stations and a diesel supply system serving 12,000 farmers. It said Oilinvest purchased 80 per cent of the Czech service station chain Tempo last year and launched a retail marketing programme in

Spain through its local subsidiary Oilenergy, envisaging opening 20 petrol stations a year for the next few years.

Tamoil SPA, the company's main downstream affiliate, has 1,941

outlets in Italy and has five per cent of the market share for products.

MEES said. Oilinvest also operates 300 stations in Switzerland — 10 per cent of the country's total.

# China capital plans socialist-style 'Wall Street'

economie reform drive has banks will rise above this street," world-class financial centre to riv- ported. al even Wall Street, a Chinese-

ist Party.

acteristics has begun with demoli-tion and relocation and is being The dispatch said Peking offiported from Peking.

senior leader Deng Xiaoping's tem. oft-cited euphemism for party imports cements from Greece often is paired with "socialism" than high finance.

socialist China to pursue once Malaysian and Hong Kong in-unthinkable experiments with terests already are busy lining up kets and private enterprise.

Peking's centre of capitalism

HONG KONG (R) - Peking's six of China's eight national spawned ambitious plans for a the Hong Kong-based agency re-

"Several specialised banks and big investment firms intend to funded news agency has said.

Peking's "finance street" will build there. Already 40 units offer everything from hanks and have signed, pouring in intial bourses to diners and dance halls capital construction pool of 200 with the blessing of the Commun-million yuan (\$35 million). In the end, finance street will stand every 'Construction of a magnificent bit as tall as New York's Wall finance street with Chinese char- Street or Hong Kong's central

carried forth from south to cials are determined to "quickly north," China News service re- smash" prohibinions that still bar rted from Peking.
"Chinese ebaracteristics" is coddled domestic financial sys-

"This would be followed by the control, though the term more entry of joint-venture or wholly foreign-owned financial institutions so that finance street can be It is an ideological sleight-of-linked with world financial mar-hand that enables ostensibly kets," it said.

capitalism, including stock mar- participation by foreign investment banks.

The street will offer stock, will rise on 47 hectares along the bond and futures markets, law capital's second ring road just a and accounting firms, registrars few minutes west of Tiananmen and trust companies as well as "New headquarters towers of ment facilities," it said. "top-flight cultural and entertain-

# Ex-premier Pavlov says Moscow tricked West over gold stocks

bachev's last prime minister, who faces trial over a failed 1991 coup, confirmed in an interview Tuesday that the Soviet Union systematically deceived the West ab-

out the size of its gold reserves. The financial world was rocked by discovery after the coup attempt that Soviet gold stocks amounted not to thousands of tonnes, as long believed, but to bttle more than 200 tonnes.

Former premier Valentin Pavlov, released from jail last week pending trial, said Soviet ministers bad successfully attracted foreign credits by fooling Western firms into believing their money was going to a wealthy state - and was therefore safe.

He was, he said, "playing the market game" and believed it had been a good idea to dupe the

"We always used to keep our gold reserves a closely guarded secret," he told the conservative Sovietskaya Rossiya. "That was our most cherished secret, which the IMF and Western banks were

always dying to find out."
"We supported the impression that we had stable gold supplies ...to attract foreign hard-currency



Valentin Paviov

deposits into our banks and receive easy credits from foreign banks," Mr. Pavlov said.

"They gave us their money as if they were putting it in a savings bank, because they trusted in our gold supply and 100 per cent uarantees of repayment," the former premier said.

"We were playing the market Countries with low ratings had to game, if you bke, but also using put up guarantees worth as much

Mr. Pavlov, appointed premier by Mr. Gorbachev in December 1990, is one of eight men due to go on trial on April 14 accused of conspiring to scize power in August, 1991. He denies the charge.

The failure of the coup hastened the demise of the Soviet Union itself only four months

While io power, Mr. Pavlov on several occasions accused the West of attempts to undermine the Soviet economy. On one occasion, he accused unnamed Western bodies of planning to flood the country with largedenomination rouble banknotes and undermine the economy.

Mr. Pavlov told Sovietskaya Rossiya the deception had given the Soviet Union, a major gold producer, better conditions when arranging loans than independent Russia has ever enjoyed.

"Whatever our (real) financial position, we were considered a borrower of the first Category on the financial market," he said. We used to attract huge sums of

The key to success, he believed, was a high credit rating.

as 10 per cent of the credits they needed. Mr. Pavlov was scathing about post-Soviet Russia's performance

on international markets. Russia is trying to negociate abroad a rescheduling of about \$80 billion of inherited Soviet debt, while battling inflation and

slumping production caused by decades of mismanagement. "Today ... they go off with their hands outstretched, cadging for handouts from foreign states; completely failing to understand there are no centralised economies there ...not a single government can deal with them," he

pointed out. But Mr. Pavlov saved his bitterest jibes for Gngory Yavlinsky, the liberal economist who broke the news to the West in October 1991 that the gold reserves were only a fraction of the

size generally believed.
"When Yavlinsky got access to the figures and, excuse me, scur-ried off to be first in line to "expose" and to "open his mouth," all that dealt a fatal blow to the national economy, its balance of payments and to trust in us," he said. "The country's posioon as a debtor immediately got

### Cinema Tel: 677420 Cinema Tel: 634144 **PHILADELPHIA** CONCORD

five per cent.

Kevin Costner and Whitney Houston

BODYGUARD Shows: 12:30, 3:15, 6:00, 8:30, 10:30

Free Car Parking

**Nabil Al Mashini Theatre** 

Tuesday January 5th marks the opening of the new theatre season presenting:

Pandemonium (Ta'a wa Qaimeh) Daily at 8:30 p.m.

Tickets office open all day

FLIGHT OF THE INTRUDER Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

Danny Glover --- in

THE BUGS BUNNY

# AHLAN THEATRE Nabil & Hisham Theatre

Daily presents at 8:30 p.m. (except Saturdays and Sundays). Extra show Thursdays at 4:30 p.m.

"Welcome New World Order Play/93"

Box office opens daily for booking and reservation.

# Constraints hinder reforms in Lags

of the world's poorest countries, has made significant progress in restructuring its economy but lack of infrastructure and skills

The sbift from a centrallyplanned system to a market economy has yielded positive results, but the southeast Asian republic has to overcome basic problems in order fully to exploit free market principles, they said.

"There are constraints to reforms," Lao Deputy Prime Minister Khamphoui Keoboualapha told foreign journalists on a recent visit to the landlocked communist state wedged between China, Vietnam. Cambodia, Thailand and Burma.

"We bave no experience in macro-economic management. The qualifications of our people are bmited. That is the first obstaalso minister of finance. Western analysts agree the lack

of technical expertise is a major constraint to further develophave prevented it from accelerat- ment. Many of Laos's edocated ing the pace of reforms, officials people fled when it came under ommunist rule in 1975. "The problem is you have a

> development plus a lack of skilled personnel in public administration and in the private sector," said one analyst. The government introduced

perennial institutional under-

market-style reforms in 1986 in a bid to reverse the slide of its economy, one of the least developed in the world.

Annual per capita income is \$170, the lowest in Asia, according to the Asian Development Bank's 1992 development outlook. It said 82 per cent of its population is in rural areas and the country has an infant mortality rate of 108 per 1,000 births.

The reforms include lifting res-

sidies and price controls and deaffecting production.

Sisivath Sisane, first vice minis- said it was not the lack of funding

VIENTIANE (R) - Laos, one cle," said Mr. Khamphoui, who is trictions on private sector com-government wanted to create a mercial activities, removal of subgood climate for investment but it lacked the manpower, money and centralisation of decision-making institutional infrastructure to do

A Western diplomat, however,

ter of the ministry of economy, planning and finance said the low absorptive capacity

20%



(Except Gold)

Dajani Jewellers

Amra Hotel

COLUMN

in, Mrs. Clinton says

NEW YORK (R) — Hillary Clin-

ton says she wants to open up the

White House to all Americans.

return broccoli to the executive

mansion mend and ban smoking

from its premises, the New York

Times reported. In her first inter-

view since the inauguration, Mrs.

Clinton agreed to speak to the

New York Times last Friday only

about her role as first lady and

not about her professional responsibilities. She told the news-paper that in addition to prohibit-

mg smoking entirely in the White House, she and President Clinton

wanted to encourage people to

feel more a part of government by occasionally opening the ex-

ecutive mansion to the public.

Sbe said there might be more

open houses like the one held the day after the inauguration on Jan.

20, as well as day-long meetings to which ordinary Americans would be invited and events in-

volving children and families.

Mrs. Clinton said the White

House kitchen would focus on

American food rather than a

French-style menu, and res-

taurant chefs would be consulted

**Even the Watchdogs** 

DAVOS, Switzerland (R) —

Security at the World Economy

Forum, a meeting of business and

political leaders at this Swiss

Alpine resort, is so strict that even a watchdog has to wear an identity badge. With typical Swiss thoroughness, Valentina von

Madulain, an eight-year-old aire-dale terrier bitch, has an identity

badge complete with photo dang-ling from her collar as she patrols the Congress Centre every even-

ing. Like many delegates to the

prestigious forum, Valentina is at

the top of her profession, having guarded celebrities such as multi-

millionairess Christina Onassis in the past. But she has only gradu-

are watched in

Switzerland

ji.

-(:::")

about menus.

Smoking out,

broccoli



An injured civilian is lifted into a van after a shell lands outside injured, according to Sarajevo Radio. Sarajevo came under heavy bombardment as peace talks in Geneva collapsed (AFP Photol

# **Yugoslavia warns of possible** army action against Croatia

BELGRADE (R) — Yugoslavia saio Tuesday that it could be drawn into open conflict with neighbouring Croatia if the reoublic persisted in its attack on

the Sert-held Krajina enclave. Foreign Minister Ilija Djukic said in a letter to the U.N. Security Council that Yugoslavia had an obligation and right to protect Serbs in U.N. protected areas in Croatia.

Meanwhile, a major power dam recaptured by Croatian troops from Sero rebels who blew it up, threatening nearby villages with a tidal wave, will have to be rebuilt, European Community (EC) monitors said Tuesday.

EC observers stationed in Croatia's Krajina enclave said the damage inflicted on Peruca Dam was one of the worst consequences of a Croatian offensive into the regio: held by Serb rebels since 1990.

Fighting in Krajina abated Tuesday after artillery and small arms battles in the Zadar theatre Monday which each side accused the other of starting.

Henrik Kill, spokesman for the 353-member EC Monitoring Mis-sion (ECMM) in the former Yugoslavia's civil war zones, said Croatian and British engineers had written off the 65-metre (215foot) high Peruca barrage after

"A great deal of the clay core has been eroded. Engineers have concluded the dam cannot come into function again the way it is now. It must be torn down and built again with the same matehe told a news conference

in the Croatian capital. Serb forces h. I withdrawn to

north of Peruca but could still hit the hydroelectric barrage with artillery, Mr. Kiil said.

Croatian troops retook Peruca last Thursday, a week after pushing across a year-old cease-fire line into the fringes of Kraiina in frustration at futile U.N. efforts to disarm Serb rebels and restore the enclave to Zagreb's sovereignty.

But three mines laid along Peruca's base were detonated as the Serbs withdrew, rupturing the dam which restrains a 25 kilometre long lake.

Croatian workers averted immediate disaster by starting a controlled drainage, but escaping waters have swelled the Cetina River, which flows down from the dam, over its banks and flooded fertile fields in a valley of 20,000

No casualties or serious damage have been reported but Croatian crews were still racing against time to empty the dam before its stricken walls gave way.

The dam was a key objective of the Croatian push into Krajina because it provided the bulk of electricity for Croatia's Dalmatian coast in its beyday as a Western tourist centre, before the Krajina Serb rebellion.

But Zagreb's goal of a Daln tia with a restored power supply that would bring the tourists back

now seems a long way off. Fighting erupted in Krajina, a mountainous region skirting the Adriatic seacoast and inhabited mostly by Serbs, on Jan. 22 after a year-long U.N.-brokered truce that ended 'Croatia's independence war with Serbian-dominated

Yugoslavia, Mr. Kiil said that both Serb rebels and Croatian government troops seized heavy weaponry from U.N. or EC depots. handed over as part of the January 1992 truce accord, shortly after the fighting flared.

Klaus Lawes, the ECCM's deputy director of operations, said at three depots in Karlovac, just outside northern Krajina, Croa-, tian soldiers had seized 10 T-55 tanks and other hardware.

Zagreb has said its Krajina strike is meant to recoup only a few strategic targets like Peruca, but Serbs had mounted counterattacks and resumed expulsions of Croat civilians. Krajina Serb leaders Monday

reported a multi-pronged Croatian offensive into the enclave's heart. Volunteer fighters from Serbia proper have flocked to Krajina to help.
Asked about the conflicting reports, Mr. Lawes said: "I think

there are Serb counter-attack to get back lost territory and that's why the fighting is continuing at the moment. Neighbouring Bosnia's parallel

civil war was reported generally quiet, but a funeral procession in the Serb-besieged capital of Sarajevo was shelled Tuesday, killing one mourner and wounding 13 others.

U.N. convoy shelled, 1 killed

A United Nations humanitarian relief convoy was shelled in southwest Bosnia Tuesday and one person was killed, a U.N.

spokesman said.

He said another member of the convoy was seriously wounded by the artillery barrage near Croatheld Mostar.

Croatian radio and military spokesmen blamed the attack on Serb irregulars entrenehed in mountains overlooking the main relief supply route between Mos-tar and the Serb-besieged Bosnian capital Sarajevo.

There was no immediate confirmation of their charge. Mediator David Owen called Tuesday for U.S. support for an international peace plan for Bosnia, but said Secretary of State Warren Christopher was cagey about whether Washington would

send troops to back the plan.

Speaking on the "CBS This
Morning" news programme,
Lord Owen said Washington's backing for the peace plan drawn up in Geneva was essential if the Bosnian Muslims were to accept

"The Americans are crucial because at the moment I think the Muslim government of Presi-dent (Alija) Izetbegovic is holding back because they hope the Americans might lift the (arms) embargo or might come in with American GIs to help them fight, or intervene in some sense and I think this is stalling our negotiations." Lord Owen said on the news programme.

Mediators Lord Owen and Cyrus Vance, who me: Mr. Christopher Monday at the Un-ited Nations in New York, have urged the United States to provide what Lord Owen says would be credibility and essential support at a critical time.

# U.N. to pursue Cambodia murder trials

Nations peacekeepers in Cambodia insisted Tuesday that the Phnom Penh government put on trial one of its policemen and a Khmer Rouge guerrilla, both accused of murder.

A Phnom Penh court last week refused to hear a case against the Khmer Rouge soldier, whom the U.N. prosecutor says has confessed to mass murder. The U.N. Transitional Authority in Cambo-dia (UNTAC) accused the Justice Ministry of deliberately obstructing the case.

Phnom Penh says UNTAC has not followed proper procedure in this case or that of the policeman, Em Chan, who is due to appear in court Wednesday after being remanded for two weeks.

Em Chan is accused of murdering an official of the popular royalist opposition party. The U.N. prosecutor says the Khmer Rouge soldier has confessed to taking part in the murder of 15 civilians — most of them ethnic Vietnamese — in central Cambodia on Dec. 27.

U.N. officials privately say

worried about the consequences might be caught in the latest of trying one of its men and is therefore obstructing the other trial, despite the Khmer Rouge being its arch-enemy.

UNTAC chief Yasushi Akashi was to meet Prime Minister Hun Sen to try and resolve the prob-

UNTAC spokesman Eric Berman told a news conference on Tuesday it was "clearly unacceptable" that the government was obstructing the trials. "Numerous legal methods are being reviewed as to how to resolve the situa-

These included adjustments to a directive issued by Mr. Akashi to bring in a special investigator to prosecute cases of political violence.

Meanwhile Japan Tuesday expressed concern about the safety of its peacekeeping troops in Cambodia and ruled out sending another such force to war-torn Somalia

Prime Minister Kiichi Miyaza-

PHNOM PENH (R) — United they believe the government is army engineers now in Cambodia crossfire between Phnom Penh government troops and Khmer

Rouge guerrillas.
"The Japanese government is deeply concerned about the increase in military tension (in Cambodia)," Mr. Miyazawa's spokesman Yohei Kono told a news conference.

But Mr. Miyazawa said he was

not ordering a withdrawal.

Parliament last year passed a law allowing troops to serve overseas for the first time since world war II. The ruling Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) agreed on a compromise with centrists that the troops not be allowed to go to a war zone or act as a buffer to separate warring factions.

In a separate development, the

Cambodian government said Tuesday it had attacked Khmer Rouge positions in the largest offensive since the U.N. operation began in Cambodia to enlarge the electorate for the upcoming election.

wa and his spokesman said they
were worried that Japan's 600
The Khmer Rouge has said it
will boycott the May poll

# Armenian president sacks premier

YEREVAN (R) — Armenian President Levon Ter-Petrosyan announced Tuesday he was sacking his prime minister in a dispute over the future of the country's collapsed economy.

Mr. Ter-Petrosyan also announced he would dissolve the government and announce a replacement cabinet within a week.

"Today I will sign a decree on the resignation of the prime minister and his cabinet," Mr. Ter-Petrosyan told parliament.

The premier's dismissal came at a time of acute economie crisis in Armenia, a landlocked former Soviet republic starved of fuel and caught in an economically draining war over territory with neighbouring Azerbaijan.

Mr. Ter-Petrosyan said Prime Minister Kbosrov Arutyunyan had announced his intention of quitting at a meeting of the country's Security Council late Mon-

Parliament had been discussing a programme for economie de velopment and a budget for 1993 presented by the government. But Mr. Arutyunyan told parlia-ment Monday evening that he had decided he could not accept certain parts of the programme.

Mr. Ter-Petrosyan said the prime minister's behaviour had been totally unacceptable. "What he did was a gross abuse of etiquette and I took this to be a sign of his resignation," the presi-

dent told journalists. He said Mr. Arutyunyan had proved incapable of potting into action a clear economic programme during his six mouths as pre-

Armenia faces that most crippling economic problems, with gas and electricity supplies cut back to a minimum. Homes are unheated and hot water has been cut off for Armenia's borders.

months or even years in some

Hundreds of factories have shut down production for want of fuel and raw materials.

Gas supplies were cut off completely last week when a pipeline running through Georgia was blown up. Georgian authorities have set up a temporary link to pump gas into the neighbouring ranscaucasian republic.

But conditions in the capital, Yerevan, remain chaotic with power supplies sporadic and transport virtually at a halt. Train links have also been cut.

For five years Armenia and Azerbaijan have been looked in conflict over Nagorno-Karabakh an Armenian territory nomi-Of all former Soviet republics, nally under the control of Baku. Armenian forces in Karabakh are fighting for independence from Azerbaijan. The dispute has spilled over into fighting around

# Magazine apologises to Major, caterer for publishing rumours

LONDON (AP) — A respected left-wing magazine apologised to Prime Minister John Major and a caterer Monday for publishing rumours, which it did not suggest were true, that they had an extra-

Mr. Major and Clare Latimer, 's at his Downing. ande, filed lawsuits against the New Statesman and Society And the satirical magazine Scallywag for report... ons that they affair. were involved

The New Statesman And Society's editors "very much regret that the prime minister and his family and Ms. Latimer and her family have been caused any personal distress by the publication of the article," said a letter from their lawyers Bindman And Part-

"Our clients are very anxious that the totally unblemished personal reputations of the prime minister and Ms. Latimer should be clearly and promptly vindicated," it said.

The letter said, however, that the magazine does not accept that the article was defamatory to Mr. Major or Ms. Latimer.

and Co., who had no immediate

In announcing his lawsuits Thursday, Mr. Major denounced the allegations in the New Statesman and in Scallywag as "compictely nntrue."

Mr. Major married his wife, Norma, in 1970. They have a son and a daughter.

Simon Regan, editor and pub-lisher of Scallywag, said last week he was confident of winning and that there was "worse to come." But the New Statesman And Society expressed dismay, saying its report had merely exposed a 'smear" and never had suggested

it was true. Scallywag suggests a romance between Ms. Latimer, 41, and Mr. Major in early January in an article headlined "rude feasts at

No. 10. Recipe for disaster?" The story was ignored until the respected, 80-year-old New Statesman published a three-page Downing Street referred calls article last week. The weekly said to Mr. Major's lawyers, Biddle there was no evidence to back up the rumour of an affair.

The letter from the New States man's lawyers said the article "was intended to be a serious and responsible criticism of the press generally for conducting a whispering campaign based on rumours which, when investigated by the press, had been found to he totally unsupported by any evidence.'

The article was never intended to assert that an affair, let alone an adulterous relationship, had ever taken place between the prime minister and Ms. Clare atimer."

The British press has been threatened with controls after a spree of sensational stories about the intimate lives of Britons, from eabinet members to Prince Charles and his estranged wife,

### ated from the first of the three grades of the Swiss watchdog training scheme, after losing one of her fangs during an exercise. And now from South Africa — easy-peei

oranges

DURBAN (R) - Sticky fingers and the frustration of grappling with stubborn peel are a thing of the past for Orange eaters in South Africa. A Natal province company has created an orange it says is as easy to peel as a tangerine. "Down the line it will be the way citrus will be eaten," Highgate Farms Marketing Director Bill Beghin said Monday. The easy-peel orange has been on the South African market for two months and consumers seem to like it. Mr. Beghin said. He hopes it will give a boost to the citrus industry by enticing people to eat more oranges. The process, developed in the United States, uses an enzyme in the orange skin to get rid of the pith. The Highgate operation is the first ontside the United States to develop such an orange and the company is aiming at the export market next season, Mr. Beghin

### Nikon develops tiny 35mm camera

TOKYO (R) — Japanese camera maker Nikon Corp will start selling a 35mm auto-focus camera that it says is the world's smallest and lightest. The company unveiled Monday the "Nikon Mini" which weighs 155 g (5.4 oz) and is 10.80 cm long, 6.20 cm high and 3.2 cm thick (4.2 by 2.4 by 1.2 in) - about the size of a wallet. It will go on sale next month at 37,000 yen (\$295), the company

### Japan gangsters rape, then tattoo teenage runaway

OSAKA, Japan (R) — Japanese police bave arrested two "Yakuza' mobsters they allege abducted and raped a 14-year-old girl and then tattooed her so she would not try to escape. Police in the western city of Osaka said that Masakazu Noborizaka, 47, leader of a group affiliated with the Yamaguchi-Gumi, Japan's largest crime syndicate, and accomplice Masaru Sato, 24, kidnapped the teenage runaway last October. After sexually abusing her for two months, the pair tattooed a cherry blossom on her forearm, police said. Tattoes on Japanese are considered the hallmark of Yakuzas. Those tattooed, especially women, would be ostracised by non-criminal society. The girl was eventually rescued when police found her in an Osaka shopping mall in De-cember, police added.

LUANDA (R) - Angolan President Jose Eduardo Dos Santos has vowed his government would not give up trying to reach a ceasefire with UNITA rebels but said his country's renewed civil war might last a very long time. He regretted that talks in Addis Abaha at the weekend had failed to yield a truce and said the government would seek to revive 1991 peace accords in a round planned for Feb. 10. "If there is no ceasefire in the second round certainly there would be efforts to reach one in the third. If it's not reached in the third, then in the fourth," he told Reuters in an interview at his Luanda residence. "One day there will be a ceasefire in Angola. We do not believe in a military solution. Everything must be resolved by dialogue" he said. Mr. Dos Santos's remarks contradicted those of a negotiator, General Figino Carneiro, who said at the weekened the government would not attend a second round if UNITA to guarantee it was ready for a truce.

Dos Santos: Angola will pursue truce

# Inkatha vows not to rejoin CODESA

JOHANNESBURG (R) - The Inkatha Freedom Party (IFP) will not join any negotiating forum similar to the Confederation for a Democratic South Africa (CODESA) which collapsed in aerimony last year, the Zulu-based IFP said. "There is no question whatsoever of the Inkatha Freedom Party ever returning to any forum which in any way resembles CODESA and we very much doubt that any party not previously represented there would do so either," the IFP said. The IFP was reacting to comments by African National Congress (ANC) executive member Thabo Mbekt, who said CODESA would be reconvened and participants would include the radical black Pan Africanist Congress and the white right-wing Conservative Party. A preparatory conference leading to resumed multi-party democracy talks on the end of white rule in South Africa is due to be held later this mouth or in early March. CODESA was suspended in May last year and collapsed a month later when the ANC pulled out of democracy talks with the government in protest at the Boipatong township massucre of at least 43 blacks.

### Slovaks give jewellery to help government

BRATISLAVA (R) - Thousands of Slovaks are handing over gold, jewels and cash to help the new country's ailing economy. The government-supported fund-raising drive was kicked off with a gala at the Slovak National Theatre, where citizens formed long queues to make donations. Collection stalls set up in the lobby reported receiving 113 pieces of jewellery and 335,000 crowns 1\$12.0001 within hours. Officials said a Slovak-American named as J.V. Kasanicky, head of a Virginia-based company, wrote a cheque for \$500,000 to the national treasury. A Slovak-German contributed 500,000 marks (\$307,000). Slovak Prime Minister Vladimir Mediar and parliament Speaker Ivan Gasparovic each contributed 15,000 crowns (\$535). "I am very pleased that this collection has started with such gusto," Deputy Premier Jozef Prokes said after the gala. "This is a collection by citizens, not the state," said Jozef Markus, chairman of the Matice Slovenska Cultural Institution which organised the drive. "Our aim is to help Slovakia and it is not selfish. We want Slovakia to be equal to other nations."

**WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF** 

### Hong Kong governor to enter hospital

HONG KONG (R) — Hong Kong Governor Chris Patten is to enter hospital for heart treatment just as his drive for democratic reform enters a crucial stage. Spokesman Mike Hanson said Tuesday that 48-year-old Patten, who has been under remorseless attack from China for his reform proposals, would go into hospital Wednesday for treatment under local anaesthetic. "Tests over recent weeks have revealed that although Mr. Patten's heart is functioning normally there has been narrowing of two of his coronary afteries," he said in a statement. "It is expected that Mr. Panen. will be in hospital for up to four days and will then need around a week to 10 days' convalescence before returning to work. He will be receiving no visitors over this period."

### Floods kill 18 in Indonesia

JAKARTA (R) - Floods have killed 1g people in central Java, Indonesia's most populous island and the country's rice bowl, and forced more than 100,000 people to flee their homes, a provincial spokesman said Tuesday. Speaking by phone from the city of Semarang he said about 105,000 people had been evacuated but fewer than 300 houses had been damaged. A week of monsoon rains had destroyed 5,160 hectares (12,750 acres) of rice paddy and a number of bridges. "Some people have already returned home and the rest are still waiting for the water levels to drop. The weather is better today." he said.

### 17 killed in Pakistan tribal clash

ISLAMABAD (R) — Two tribes in northwestern Pakistan battled with rockets and mortars to settle an ancient land dispute, killing 17 people and injuring 21. a government official said Monday. The Khoedad Khel and Watezai tribes at Sadda village in the Kurram Agency bordering Afghanistan also used Automatic weapons Sunday in the latest bout of a 200-year-old dispute. assistant political agent Abdul Ghaffar told Reuters by telephone. Each tribe lays claim to a piece of land controlled by the Khoedad Khel, Mr. Ghaffar said. "The have fought several such blondy battles in the past." A temporary ceasefire was arranged by a local senator who was trying to resolve the issue through a tribal council, he said. The Watezais have refused to accept compensation money as agreed earlier and were now demanding control of the land, Mr. Ghaffar said.

## Tanzanian floods toll reaches 40

DAR ES SALAAM (R) - At least 40 people were killed and others were missing after their homes were swept away by floods in northeastern Tanzania, an official said Monday. Regional administrator Shaban Suleiman Muyombo said by telephone rescue teams had found seven more bodies in addition to the 33 recovered in the Lushoto district over the weekend. He said crops in the fertile region had been destroyed and residents had lost virtually all their belongings. Helicopters were distributing

# U.S. Navy planners reportedly propose cutting 125,000 personnel

SAN DIEGO (Agencies) -Navy planners have proposed. cutting 125,000 personnel from the service and eliminating 140 warships and scores of older aircraft by 1999, a newspaper re-

ported Monday.
The cuts, contained in a sixyear budget plan called "recapitalising the navy," would leave the navy with about 375,000 uniformed personnel and about 320 warships, including 12 aircraft carriers, the San Diego Union-Tribune reported.

The newspaper did not identify its sources for the report. The navy bas refused to comment on the plan.

The Union-Tribune said the personnel cuts would be in addition to those in a plan adopted under the Bush administration that will cut navy personnel from about 585,000 people last year to 500,000 by 1997.

Such cuts in manpower and equipment would take the savy down to pre-cold war levels and save biilions of dollars, said Lawrence Korb, an assistant secretary of defence for manpower in the Reagan administration.

"Manpower is your biggest part of the budget," he said. "You're talking big backs, \$5 billion a year, every year," just from the personnel cuts, Mr. Korb, a former naval aviator who now works for the Brookings, Institution, a Washington-pased research centre.

Meahwbile, President Bill Clinton Monday tried to refocus American attention on the top priorities of his new administration - rebuilding the U.S. economy and reforming a teetering bealth care system.

Shaking off a week of pounding over his support of the right of homosexuals to serve in the military, he said he would make a first step towards health care reform by giving the states greater leeway in running medical program-

A former state governor himself, Mr. Clinton ordered a series of steps to make it easier for governors to cut through federal red tape 90 they can search for more efficient, less costly ways of providing care to the poor.

Health insurance for those who

can't afford to pay for private insurance is administered by states but partially funded and regulated by Washington. After a two-hour White House meeting with his one-time colleagues, the president said the governors agreed to help him fulfil bis campaign promise to

He said he hoped his administration, working with the states, could conquer "the twin monsters of spiralling health care costs, and the agony of having no access to health care, no health care coverage or living in fear of losing it."

come up with a new national

health care system for all Amer-

A White House task force headed by the president's wife, Hillary Rodham Clinton, is working on a reform programme to be

completed by early May. The governors will work with the task force, and South Carolina

governor Carroll Campbell said. "I believe we can, in fact, work-ing together, find some answers."

Mr. Clinton, who had a shaky start last week because of the uproar over his plan to lift the ban on gays in the military, also continued working on the economie recovery programme he plans to unveil on Feb. 17 in his first address to a joint session of the

But aides insisted he had not yet made any final decisions on its

"At this point, the president is

considering a number of options. He hasn't ruled anything in. He hasn't ruled anything out." Press Secretary Dee Dee Myers told reporters. Deputy Treasury Secretary Ro-ger Altman said Sunday that

adjustments in the political sensitive benefits for the elderly must he part of the economic package and Monday's non-committal stance seemed aimed at keeping a new battle with Congress from

erupting.
Mr. Clinton's domestic agenda was expected to bring its first tangible result this week with passage of a bill requiring employers to grant workers up to 12 weeks unpaid leave to deal with the birth of a child or medical emergencies.

Former President George Bush twice vetoed such a measure. Although Senate Republicans were threatening to add an amendment to the bill blocking Mr. Clinton from lifting the ban on gays in the military, they seemed short of votes.

